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See Price List

LIMON WEEKLY NEWS.

The only Paper published in English in Costa Rica.

The Largest Paper of any kind Published in Central America.



WOODS BOOK STORE
Only Place in the Country where English and American Newspapers and Periodicals are on Sale.

Vol. IV. No. 203.

PORT LIMON, COSTA RICA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 6, 1904.

PRICE: TEN CENTS

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

The "Jewel House" has been removed to the house of Don Rafael Yglesias, adjoining the store of Mr Alcides Ramirez. The proprietor hopes for a continuation of patronage and guarantee good work and promptness with all orders entrusted to them.

WILLIAMSON & SINCLAIR

3 m 9-7-1904

ENGLISH PERIODICALS

Just arrived per Royal Mail

Argosy	50
Boys Own Paper	50
Carpenter and Builder	50
Chambers Journal	90
Cassell's Little Folks	50
Cassell's Magazine	50
Century Magazine	1.50
Cornhill Magazine	1.50
English Illustrated	50
Fanfile	50
Gentleman	50
Gentleman Magazine of Fashion	50
Girls Own Paper	50
Harper's Magazine	40
Harper's Magazine	40
Little Folks Illustrated	50
London Art Fashions (Illustrated)	60
London Tailor (Illustrated)	90
Longman's Magazine	50
Mucillan's Magazine	50
Pal Mall Magazine (Illustrated)	45
Pearson's Royal Magazine	35
Pearson's Magazine	40
Queen	50
Queen	50
Review of Reviews	05
Scribner's Magazine	40
Stream Magazine	50
Sunday at Home	50
Tailor and Cutter (Illustrated)	90
Temple Magazine	50
Weldon's Bazaar (Childrens)	10
Weldon's Dressmaker (Illustrated)	10
Weldon's Home Dressmaker, do.	15
Weldon's Milliner	15
Weldon's Journal of Costume	50
Weldon's Ladies' Journal	25
Weldon's Practical Needle	20
Wide World Magazine	40
Whitson Magazine	35
Young English	20



Mountain Pens

WOOD'S BOOK STORE.

ON SALE AT

PORT LIMON, C. PRICE ... \$3.00

NORTHERN RAILWAY OF COSTA RICA.

TIME TABLE.

FOR ALL POINTS IN ZENT AND

Banana River Districts.

WESTBOUND.			EASTBOUND.		
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.					
Depart	8:15 A. M.	LIMON.	3:00 P. M.	Arrive	ZENT.
Arrive	9:20 ..	ZENT.	1:50 ..	Depart	ZENT JUNCTION
	9:40 ..	ZENT JUNCTION	1:35 ..		

CHIRIPO BRANCH.					
Arrive	10:45 A. M.	ZENT.	10:00 A. M.	Depart	CHIRIPO.
Depart	10:25 ..	CHIRIPO.	10:20 ..	Arrive	ZENT.

BANANA RIVER DISTRICT.					
Arrive	5:00 P. M.	LIMON.	3:15 P. M.	Depart	BARRILEM.
Depart	4:05 ..	BARRILEM.	4:00 ..	Arrive	PHILADELPHIA
	4:05 ..	PHILADELPHIA	4:00 ..		

1 Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

2 Tuesdays and Saturdays.

H. M. FEILD, Supt.

AMERICAN DENTIST

WE have the most thoroughly equipped and up to-date Dental office in Costa Rica.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF

CROWN & BRIDGE-WORK

To introduce our painless system we will extract teeth for 50 CENTS.

TESTIMONIAL

I had seventeen teeth extracted at the Union Dental Co. and felt absolutely no pain

H WILSON,

Compositor, Limon "Weekly News"

Samples of our work can be seen in show case at door
It costs you nothing to have your teeth examined

Open until 8 p.m.

UNION DENTAL CO. Ltd. New Orleans la U.S.A.

Port Limon Branch over New Drug Store 9) Building

DR. E. A. FRIIS.

AMERICAN DENTIST.

Gold Crown and Bridge work a specialty. Extractions without pain Office—Calle de Tranvia 1/2 block below the market in San José.

CASTINGS

Orders for castings of all descriptions, iron or brass, will be executed at the shops of the Northern Railway reasonable prices.

SAND & STONE.

Matina sand suitable for masonry C20.00 per car. ceral rock, C25.00 per car. Delivered wherever designated alongside track. NORTHERN RAILWAY LIMON.

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THOMAS SCOTT, San Jose, Costa Rica.

DRAFTS ON LONDON, NEW YORK, NEW ORLEANS AND KINGSTON.
LOANS GRANTED ON APPROVED SECURITIES.
MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT AT INTEREST.
ACCOUNTS CURRENT OPENED ON FAVORABLE TERMS, SUBJECT TO CHECK.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD.
DRAFTS ON PARIS, HAMBURG AND GENOA.
San Jose, 31st August, 1901.

NOTICE.

Drs. M. Bonnefil & Miguel Velazquez are to be found at all hours at the Pharmacy International, where they can be consulted professionally. Terms moderate.

30-7-4

Limon Weekly News.

PORT LIMON, SATURDAY, AUG. 6, 1904

F. M. H. WOOD.

PRINTER AND PUBLISHER, PORT LIMON COSTA RICA, CENTRAL AMERICA.
R. HESLOP, AGENT, ZENT JUNCTION
ANTONIO LEHMANN CENTRAL AVENUE, SAN JOSE.

CURRENT ITEMS

CONTRACTORS banana checks for the month of August will be calculated at the rate of 112 per cent.

THE steamer "Siberia" of the Atlas Line which arrived here on Friday last brought 11 passengers and 5817 packages of cargo for this port.

GRAF Bruno Von Ranchhaupt, who was until recently Ticket and Freight Agent at Limon for the F. C. C. R., died suddenly at San Jose on Saturday last.

ON Saturday morning the police captured two foreigners on suspicion; they will be called upon to satisfy the authorities as to their mode of living. —"El Noticiero."

THE arrest of "Vagos" continues in San Jose; the police according to "El Noticiero" captured four more of these gentry on Thursday last, and suggests that the law be applied to them with the utmost vigor.

THE Court of Casacion has sentenced Don Juan de Dios Matus, of Puntarenas, Editor of "El Pacifico", to 21 days detention in the Carcel for injuries inflicted on Don Pablo Rodriguez, suspension of his paper during that period, and costs of the suit.—"La Patria"

A case of Scarlatina developed in Santa Barbara on Thursday last. Every precaution is being taken to prevent the spread of the disease. Several children belonging to San Pedro Mojon district are suffering from measles.—"El Noticiero."

At the request of Don Luis Cruz Matus, an embargo was carried out in one of the Costa Rica Railway offices at San Jose, of all the papers and other documents relating to the construction of the new station and shops of the Company.—"El Noticiero."

THE Costa Rica Railway Company has paid into the National Treasury the sum of \$1582.25, being the proportion due the Government on tickets sold during the month of June. Of this sum \$189.85 has been allotted to the Limon Charity Hospital.—"El Noticiero."

ON Friday last the police of San Jose captured four individuals on suspicion of being the authors of the recent robberies in the establishment of Senores Palacin and Teodoro Carvajal. Part of the stolen articles has been recovered, the remainder was doubtless sold in Limon and Boca del Toro. The arrested parties reside in Heredia and San Jose and are French subjects.—"La Republica."

THE Costa Rica Railway Company have obtained permission from the Government to construct a branch extending three miles into the property of the Heredia-Banana Company. The construction of this branch, we understand, will commence at once, and the property of the Company will thus be considerably enhanced, especially now that the new fruit will so soon be coming in.

WE understand that criminal proceedings have been taken in this country against Henri Siung for robbing his employer, Mr. Esau Lyen, of merchandise to the extent of Three thousand Pounds. The accused, it will be remembered, absconded from here some three months ago, and is now in Jamaica, where it is said he has purchased the Curvey Estate, Priuityville, in his wife's name, for Two Thousand pounds.

At a meeting of the Constitutional Congress on the 28th ult., Deputy Guido brought forward a motion to reduce the salary of the Governor of Limon by \$50 monthly. The motion was not accepted. Deputy Oreamuno proposed the establishment of the post of agent of police for La Junta and Cairo at a salary of \$30 monthly, and that of Jimenez at a similar salary. Don Juan B. Quiros proposed the establishment of a medical circuit in Guapiles, with residence at that place with a salary of \$200 monthly. Deputy Oreamuno Francisco proposed the expenditure of \$3000 for the building of a cart road between Moin and Limon. Deputy Quiros supported the motion and showed the necessity for such a road to the residents of Moin, naming a lady who had no legal title over the land required. The motion was accepted.—"El Noticiero."

Man Crushed By Banana Train At Nine Miles.

James Edwards, a resident of Nine Miles, jumped from a car on a swiftly moving train when hearing his residence on Saturday night. As a result his right leg was horribly crushed. The unfortunate man was not discovered until some hours had elapsed. On Sunday morning he was brought to Limon and placed in the Charity Hospital. Dr. Valasquez, the Acting physician, found it necessary to amputate the leg. According to latest accounts the patient is progressing favourably.

Daring Robbery At La Gobernacion.

During the night of the 1st instant entrance was effected into the office of La Gobernacion and \$230.55 abstracted from the desk of Mr. Nicolas Chirri. The thief, who was evidently well acquainted with the interior arrangements, entered the office with the aid of a key after cutting the wire netting protecting the outer door of the office at the rear. A key was also used in opening the desk in which the money was kept. The Governor's Secretary had in his desk a sum of money amounting to \$430 for transmission to the jefe Policia de Talamanca. This was either overlooked or the thief was pressed for time. After emptying Mr. Chirri's cash box he retired leaving the back door and desk open. The police on duty in front of the building did not hear a sound during the robbery, due doubtless to the noise caused by the sea, which was particularly rough, and the heavy rain falling at the time.

NINE MILES.

[COMMUNICATED.]

A VERY interesting day was spent by the residents of the above named place on Sunday 24th ult. The little Anglican Church was crowded to its utmost at eleven o'clock, when the preacher Mr. Campbell, Catechist of San Jose Creek preached an eloquent sermon on behalf of the "Young People's Christian Association". The preacher pointed out the wise step that was taken to organize a Bible Society in the district, the Bible having been tried and proved by many Christians to be "a lamp to the feet and a light to the path." Of the rapid progress Christianity has made from the circulation of the Bible and the necessity of spreading the good news of salvation, which, it lacked, the Kingdom of God will be delayed as the gospel must needs be preached as a witness to all nations before the second advent of Christ.

At 3 o'clock a greater stream of enthusiasm was evident, when the sitting accommodation was altogether inadequate to the large numbers from surrounding districts who gathered to witness a service of praise, being the first venture in these quarters.

The little church was prettily decorated with palms and flowers and reflected great credit to the young friends of the congregation. Special selections were rendered by the choir under the able leadership of the catechist Mr. J. G. Deslandes, who acted as organist, supported by Messrs Cummings, and Hall, choir masters of Nine Miles and Matina churches respectively.

The local talent of the choir stands in eminent favour of the future progress of the church. An able address was again delivered by Mr. Campbell on the words "Praise waiteth for Thee O God in Zion" The service of praise seemed to have animated the friends, and gave a strong impression to the service at 7 o'clock.

The seats were all filled at an early hour, awaiting the advent of the preacher. Perfect order and attention prevailed, and the expression of the countenances seemed to have endorsed the sentiments of Peter on the Mount of Transfiguration—"It is good for us to be here."

We congratulate Mr. Deslandes in the stupendous effort he has made and is making for the advancement of the Messiah's Kingdom in this part of our country. We wish him every success in his arduous undertakings, and pray for that he might be strong in the Lord with the power of His might, and be not weary of well doing, popularity that he might be greeted with your heart reviving "Well doing it"—BCE the great day of reward.

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3 1/2	OCTAVE, SINGLE REED	75.00	Colones
3 1/2	do DOUBLE do	85.00	do
4	do do	95.00	do

NOTE: These organs will be supplied to responsible parties on the installment plan on payment of Fifteen colones cash and Fifteen Colones monthly. Ten per cent discount will be allowed for cash.

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Do you wear the

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San José, C. R.

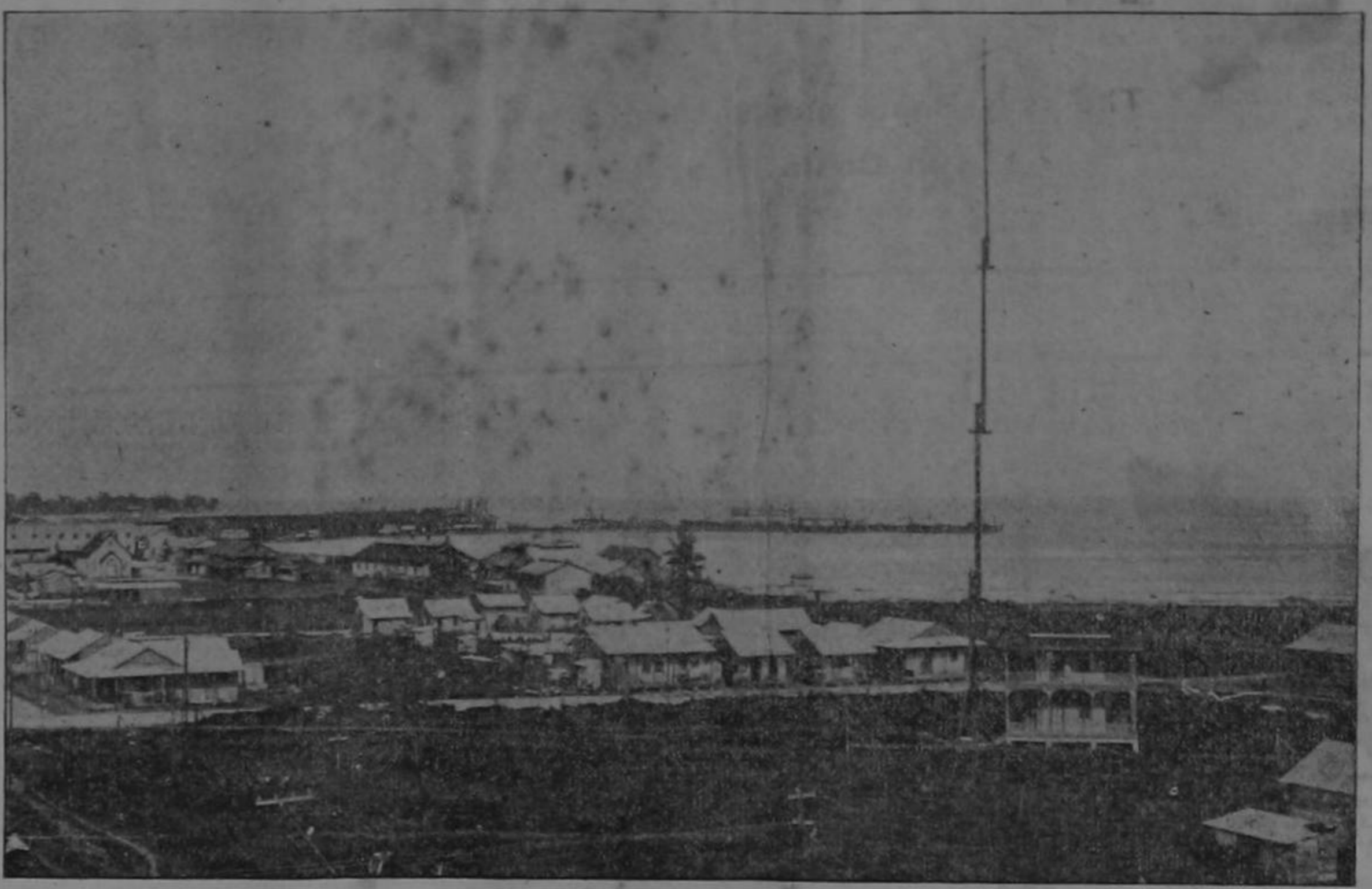
P. O. Box 179.

LIMON AGENCY, Wood's Book Store.

WOOD'S BOOK STORE, LIMON. PRICE LIST

Of Stationery, School Material and Novelties.

A	Automatic Pencils 25	Ledgers, with indexes, 200 pages 2.25
Almanacs, Whitaker's, \$1.00 and \$2.00	Ledgers, with indexes, 200 pages 2.00	Ledgers, with indexes, 400 pages 2.75
Almanacs, World 1.00	Labels, gummed, 1,000 2.00	Letter heads, ptd., 100 2.00
Almanacs, sheet 1.5	Letter heads, ptd., 200 4.50	Letter heads, ptd., 300 5.00
Alphabet Cards 25	Letter heads, ptd., 500 6.00	Leg guards 7.00
Atlases \$2.00 and 3.00	Lapel button, King Edward 15	Lapel button, union jack 10
B	Lanterns 50	M
Balls, rubber, solid, 25c, 50c and 75c	Marshmallows, plain, 50c and \$1.00	Marshmallows, chocolate, 50c and 1.00
Balls, hollow, from 25	Music paper, sheet 15	Mucilage, 20c and 1.25
Balls, base 75	Mucilage, in collapsible tubes 50	Memorandums, 5c, 10c, 15c and 25
Bicycle Cement, Tire 25	Memorandums, indexed, from 30	Mouth organs, 25c and 75
Bicycle Cement, rim 25	Mourning note, per quire 30	Mourning envelopes, 25c and 50
Brushes, shaving 50	Marbles, clay, per doz. 15	Marbles, glass, per doz. 20
Brushes, tooth 50	Marking brushes, 10c, 20c and 25	Metal polish 25
Brushes, marking, 10, 20 and 25 25	Music books, 50c and 1.00	Mirrors, hand carved 3.00
Bill books \$2.50	Musical boxes, toy 1.50	Musical boxes, toy 2.50
Bow, hair, violin 75	N	Needles, crochet 10
Base, croqueting 15.00	Needle paper, per pkt. 10	Note paper, per ream \$1.50
Balls, cricket 6.00	Note paper (flowers) per doz. 50	Note paper, initials, per doz. 50
Bill heads, small, 100 25	Nail brushes, 25c and 1.00	O
Bill heads, medium, 100 50	Oil board, per sheet 10	Oil for typewriter 50
Bill heads, medium, 25 85	Oil can 75	Oil Paints, tin box \$5.00
Banana counters 8.00	P	Pen racks, spiral 25
Bowls, copying 1.50	Pistols, toy, 25c and 75	Pipes, corncob 25
Boxing gloves 6.00	Pipes, briar, \$1.50 and \$1.75	Polish, boot, brown 50
Balloons 10	Polish, boot, black 50	Polish, boot, white 75
Birthday cards, 25, 50 and 100 1.00	Plas, office, pyramid 35	Pencils, lead, Eagle office 15
Baskets, fancy, an assortment 1.25	Pencils, lead, mercantile 10	Pencils, lead, Perfection 05
Blotters, hand 1.25	Pencils, lead, carpenter's 15	Pencils, lead, blue or red 15
C	Pencils, lead, red and blue com- 25	Pencils, slate, (board) 05
Copy letter books, 500 l \$2.50	Pencils, copying 20	Penholders, 5c and 10
Cards, Bicycle playing 85	Penholders, cork 25	Penholders, self-erecting 25
Cards, cheap playing 65	Printing outfit 1.00	Pens, gold fountain 1.00
Chalk, tailors' 05	Pens, Esterbrook's, per gross 2.00	Pens, Spencereap, per gross 2.50
Chalk, billiard 05	Pens, school, per gross 1.50	Polite chips, pr 100 1.50
Chalk, crayons, box 75	Pencil sharpeners 25	Pencil holders, leather 35
Chalk, carpenters', lb. 25	Pencil holders, metal, 15c and 25	Point protectors 10
Chess, set 3.00	Paper fasteners, per box 50	Paper weights, 75c, \$1.50 and 3.00
Chess board 1.50	Purses, chain 50	Purses, gold coin 1.00
Crochet needle 10	Q	Queen Victoria photograph \$1.00
Crochet cotton 25	R	Rules, carpenter's 50
Crochet silk 25	Rules, carpenter's, brass bound. \$1.00	Rules, office, from 35
Combs, hair, 25 and 50	Rules, office, rubber 2.00	Rubber bands, per gross 35
Combs, small tooth 25	Rubber bands, per gross 3.00	Records, 100 pages 1.25
Clips, board, letter 1.75	Records, 200 pages 2.00	Records, 300 pages 2.75
Clips, board, foolscap 2.00	Records, 400 pages 3.50	Receipt books, cash, 50 leaves 40
Checkers, 35 and 65	Receipt books, cash, 100 leaves 75	Receipt books, rent, 50 leaves 40
Checker boards 1.50	Receipt books, rent, 100 leaves 75	Razors, each 2.00
Copying brushes 1.25	Razor strops 1.50	Razor cases 25
Calendars, desk 50	Rosin, for violin 25	S
Calendars, stand 75	Slates, 25c, 40c and 50	Soap, Pears' unscented 50
Composition books, 5, 10, 15 and 25 6.00	Soap Pears' unscented 50	Spectacles, colored 1.00
Concertinas, \$4.00 and 6.00	Spectacle cases 25	Stamps, India rubber 1.00
Commissary order books, 100 l 10.00	Stamps, India rubber 1.00	Sand paper 05
Cigarette books 10	Stylographic pens 2.50	Scrubbing pads, 5c, 10c and 15
Cash boxes, \$2.50 and 3.00	Silver paint 75	Sealing wax, pound 50
Caps for toy pistols 05	Scissors 75	Scissors, folding pocket 1.00
Copy books, Cassell's 25	Straws, per box 1.75	Sling shot rubber 25
Carbon paper, 8x13 15	Sling shot rubber 25	Sponge, for cups 50
Christmas cards (assorted) from 10	School bags from 50	Scholar's companions 1.00
Chamois leather 50	School bags from 50	Shorthand note books 25
Cards, birthday, 25, 50 and 100 1.00	Scissors, folding pocket 1.00	Spelling books, 5c and 1.00
Counter books, 25, 50, 60 and 75	Straws, per box 1.75	Sponge cups 1.25
D	Sling shot rubber 25	T
Dice, each, 5 and 10	Sponge, for cups 50	Toys, assorted prices.
Dice cups 85	Scholar's companions 1.00	Toilet picks 30
Dice, poker \$1.50	Shorthand note books 25	Toilet paper 20
Dominos, \$1.25 and 5.00	Spelling books, 5c and 1.00	Tobacco pouch, rubber \$1.00
Dating stamps 1.00	Sponge cups 1.25	Type (see printing outfit).
Desk pads, 19x24 2.50	Toys, assorted prices.	Typewriter paper, letter ream 3.00
Rolls, all prices from 25	Toilet picks 30	Typewriter paper, foolscap, rm. 3.50
Diaries, desk 1.00	Towel paper 20	Typewriter ribbons 2.00
Diaries, pocket, from 75	Type (see printing outfit).	Tablets, note 25c and 40
Desk calendars 50	Typewriter paper, letter ream 3.00	Tablets, letter, 50c and 1.00
Desk Calendar stands 75	Typewriter paper, foolscap, rm. 3.50	Time books, weekly, from 20
E	Typewriter ribbons 2.00	Time books, monthly, 20c and 75
Envelopes, our make, pr. 100 75	Tablets, note 25c and 40	Tape measures, 3 ft. 75
Envelopes, imp. square, per 100 \$1.25	Tablets, letter, 50c and 1.00	Tape measure, 5 ft. 85
Envelopes, for invitation, pkg. 25	Time books, weekly, from 20	Twine, per 1-2 lb. ball 50
Envelopes, for photographs, 10, 15 and 25 25	Time books, monthly, 20c and 75	Tooth brushes 50
Erasers, Faber's rubber 15	Tape measures, 3 ft. 75	U
Emery paper 10	Tape measure, 5 ft. 85	Views of Costa Rica 50
Emery cloth 15	Twine, per 1-2 lb. ball 50	Violin strings, 1st, silk 30
Embroidery hoops 25	Tooth brushes 50	Violin strings, 2, 3 and 4 (gut) 25
F	U	Violin strings, 1 and 2 75
Fountain pens, Crescent \$3.00	Views of Central America 12.50	Violucello strings 3 and 4 1.00
Flutes, tin 50	Views of Central America 12.50	Union jacks, 35c, 50c and 1.00
Fans, plain 50	V	Violin bridges 25
Fans, feather 1.00	Typewriter oil 50	Violin pegs 25
Files, Harp 40	Tally books 35	Views of Central America 12.50
Foolscap, per quire 35	Tags, per 100 60	Writing cases, \$1.00 and 2.00
Files, box 1.75	Tops 15	W
Frames, plush picture 1.50	Toy books, 25c and 50	Whistles, tin, 25c and 50
Flags, English, 35, 50 and 100 1.00	Toy books, linen, 50c and 1.00	Wall paper, per roll, from 30
G	Typewriter erasers 25	Wrapping paper, per pound 15
Gold paint 50	Tissue paper, per doz. 50	Wickets and balls, per set \$12.00
Guitar Strings, wire, 1, 15c; 2, 15c; 3 for 15	UV	Wicket keeping gloves 6.00
Guitar Strings, wire, 4, 20c; 5, 20c; 6, 20	Views of Costa Rica 50	W
Goggles 50	Violin strings, 1st, silk 30	Walling paper, per roll, from 30
Guitars, fair quality \$12.50	Violin strings, 2, 3 and 4 (gut) 25	Wicket keeping gloves 6.00
Glue, Le Page's liquid 40	Violin strings, 1 and 2 75	Writing cases, \$1.00 and 2.00
H	Violucello strings 3 and 4 1.00	X
Harmonicas, 25 and 75	Union jacks, 35c, 50c and 1.00	EXCHANGE— F. M. H. Wood.
I	Violin bridges 25	FIRE BRIGADE — Ramon F. Acevedo, Chief. F. M. H. Wood, Deputy Chief.
Ink, Stephens' 10	Violin pegs 25	FRIENDLY SOCIETIES — Foresters, L. O. Fraser, C. R. Good Samaritans, Adolphus English W. C. Knights of Pythias, E. A. Pitt. Masons: English, C. V. Lindo, R. W. M.; Spanish, Julio Gosdt' ki, R. W. M. Mechanics. Odd Fellows. Shepherds.
Ink, Stephens', 12 pints 50	Views of Central America 12.50	HOSPITALS — Charity. Costa Rica Railway. United Fruit Co.
Ink, Stephens', 1 pint \$1.00	W	HOTELS — Gran Hotel. Hotel Arrasty.
Ink, Stephens', quarts 1.75	Whistles, tin, 25c and 50	INSURANCE — Limon Mutual Life, President, W. J. Reid; Secretary and Treasurer, F. M. H. Wood.
Ink, marking 50	Wall paper, per roll, from 30	ICE MANUFACTURERS — Florida Ice Co.
Ink, rubber stamp 1.00	Wrapping paper, per pound 15	LAWYERS — Jose Caballero.
Ink, red, 15 and 1.00	Wickets and balls, per set \$12.00	NEWSPAPERS — Limon Weekly News.
Robstands, \$2.00, \$5.00 and 6.00 6.00	Wicket keeping gloves 6.00	PHYSICIANS — Dr. Mauro Agullar. Dr. Alex Garcia. Dr. — Obregon. Dr. Septimus Stegall.
Indexes, 25 and 85	Writing cases, \$1.00 and 2.00	POSTMASTER — Manuel Esquivel.
Invoice books, from 3.50	W	PRINTERS — F. M. H. Wood.
Ink eradicator, Collins' 1.50	Whistles, tin, 25c and 50	PRODUCE MERCHANTS — Isaac L. Maduro.
Ink, India 50	Wall paper, per roll, from 30	PROVISION MERCHANTS — J. E. Kaempfer. Lindo Bros. Esau Lyon. United Fruit Company.
J	Wrapping paper, per pound 15	RAILROADS, COSTA RICA — J. A. Pearce, Traffic Inspector. G. C. Wendorf, Train Dispatcher. R. W. Neckles, Freight Agent. Max Lesser, Material Agent. G. W. Rothery, Master Mechanic
Journal paper, per quire \$1.00	Wicket keeping gloves 6.00	RAILROADS, NORTHERN — H. M. Field, Superintendent. Wm. G. Chase, Assistant Supt. W. D. Janner, Chief Engineer. H. Scharschmidt, Assistant Engr. J. M. Tibaut, Freight and Ticket Agt. A. Lasker, Material Agent. Robert Potts, Master Mechanic.
Journals, 100 pages 1.25	Writing cases, \$1.00 and 2.00	STEAMSHIP AGENCIES — Elder-Dempster, F. J. Alvarado & Co. French, F. J. Alvarado & Co. Hamburg-American, Luis Weebmann. Royal Mail, F. J. Alvarado & Co. Spanish, F. J. Alvarado & Co. United Fruit Co.
Journals, 200 pages 2.00	X	SHOEMAKERS — J. M. Goffe.
Journals, 300 pages 2.75	Typewriter oil 50	SCHOOLS — Public, Mr. Leonardo Vega L., master
Journals, 400 pages 3.50	Tally books 35	
Japanese lanterns, from 25	Tags, per 100 60	
K	Tops 15	
Kobans 15	Toy books, 25c and 50	
King's 10 and 25	Toy books, linen, 50c and 1.00	
King's photograph \$1.00	Typewriter erasers 25	
King's pocket, 100 and 1.50	Tissue paper, per doz. 50	
L	UV	
Letter from \$1.50	Views of Costa Rica 50	
Letter from 3.00	Violin strings, 1st, silk 30	
Letter from 2.00	Violin strings, 2, 3 and 4 (gut) 25	
Letter from 25	Violin strings, 1 and 2 75	
Letter from 50	Violucello strings 3 and 4 1.00	
Letter from 15	Union jacks, 35c, 50c and 1.00	
Letter from 100 pages 1.50	Violin bridges 25	
	Violin pegs 25	
	Views of Central America 12.50	



Country customers will please include in their remittance the cost of postage, equal to 25 cents for two pounds.

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President of the Republic—Licenciado don Ascencion Esquivel.
First Vice President—Licenciado don Ricardo Jimenez.
Second Vice President—Licenciado don Cleto Gonzalez Viquez.
Third Vice President—General don Juan B. Quiros.

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Don Manuel J. Jimenez, Secretary of Finance and Commerce.
Don Tobias Zuniga, Secretary of War and Marine in charge of the Interior Police and Public Works.
President of Supreme Court, Licenciado don Manuel V. Jimenez.

LIMON.
Governor—Don Wenceslao de la Guardia.
Secretary—Don Federico Golcher.
Administrator of Customs—Don Balvanero Vargas.
Port Medical Officer—Dr. Sepamus Stegall.
Judge of Criminal Court—Licenciado don Marcial Alpizar.
Chief Police Agent—Don Filadelfo Granados.
Police—Don Eduardo Baldiodeda, comandante.

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Don M. F. Quesada—Vice President.
Don Eduardo Beeche—Secretary-Treasurer.

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Peru—Felipe J. Alvarado, Esq., Vice Consul.
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E. W. Jackson.
BARS—
Alfano Hermanos.
Jose Cuvillier.
BOOK STORES—
Wood's Book Store.
BOOTS AND SHOES—
Emilio Artavia.
BUTCHERS—
L. O. Fraser.
CARPENTERS—
Hilary Bockles.
Alfonso Chase.
James Stibbell.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS—
Felipe J. Alvarado & Co.
DENTISTS—
Dr. Will A. Blackburn.
DRUGGISTS—
Virgilio Giorgi.
Obregon & Co.
DRY GOODS—
Ferdinand Asch.
Messes Browner.
Sielmas Ramirez.
G. W. Titick.
EXCHANGE—
F. M. H. Wood.
FIRE BRIGADE—
Ramon F. Acevedo, Chief.
F. M. H. Wood, Deputy Chief.
FRIENDLY SOCIETIES—
Foresters, L. O. Fraser, C. R.
Good Samaritans, Adolphus English
W. C.
Knights of Pythias, E. A. Pitt.
Masons: English, C. V. Lindo, R. W. M.; Spanish, Julio Gosdt' ki, R. W. M.
Mechanics.
Odd Fellows.
Shepherds.
HOSPITALS—
Charity.
Costa Rica Railway.
United Fruit Co.
HOTELS—
Gran Hotel.
Hotel Arrasty.
INSURANCE—
Limon Mutual Life, President, W. J. Reid; Secretary and Treasurer, F. M. H. Wood.
ICE MANUFACTURERS—
Florida Ice Co.
LAWYERS—
Jose Caballero.
NEWSPAPERS—
Limon Weekly News.
PHYSICIANS—
Dr. Mauro Agullar.
Dr. Alex Garcia.
Dr. — Obregon.
Dr. Septimus Stegall.
POSTMASTER—
Manuel Esquivel.
PRINTERS—
F. M. H. Wood.
PRODUCE MERCHANTS—
Isaac L. Maduro.
PROVISION MERCHANTS—
J. E. Kaempfer.
Lindo Bros.
Esau Lyon.
United Fruit Company.
RAILROADS, COSTA RICA—
J. A. Pearce, Traffic Inspector.
G. C. Wendorf, Train Dispatcher.
R. W. Neckles, Freight Agent.
Max Lesser, Material Agent.
G. W. Rothery, Master Mechanic
RAILROADS, NORTHERN—
H. M. Field, Superintendent.
Wm. G. Chase, Assistant Supt.
W. D. Janner, Chief Engineer.
H. Scharschmidt, Assistant Engr.
J. M. Tibaut, Freight and Ticket Agt.
A. Lasker, Material Agent.
Robert Potts, Master Mechanic.
STEAMSHIP AGENCIES—
Elder-Dempster, F. J. Alvarado & Co.
French, F. J. Alvarado & Co.
Hamburg-American, Luis Weebmann.
Royal Mail, F. J. Alvarado & Co.
Spanish, F. J. Alvarado & Co.
United Fruit Co.
SHOEMAKERS—
J. M. Goffe.
SCHOOLS—
Public, Mr. Leonardo Vega L., master

Miss Elvira de la Guardia, mistress Baptist, Henry Hyllton, Master.
Church of England, W. E. Price, Master; Miss Z. Barton, Mistress.
Wesleyan W. J. Flowers, Master.
SODA WATER MAKERS—
Simon Cohn.
STATIONERY—
Wood's Book Store.
STORES—
A. C. Campbell.
John Sachs.
BOOTS AND SHOES—
Emilio Artavia.
BUTCHERS—
L. O. Fraser.
CARPENTERS—
Hilary Bockles.
Alfonso Chase.
James Stibbell.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS—
Felipe J. Alvarado & Co.
DENTISTS—
Dr. Will A. Blackburn.
DRUGGISTS—
Virgilio Giorgi.
Obregon & Co.
DRY GOODS—
Ferdinand Asch.
Messes Browner.
Sielmas Ramirez.
G. W. Titick.

City Residents Near-Sighted.
"The race is growing near-sighted, owing to city life and the conditions of our civilization," said Frederick P. Simmons, examining eye specialist, while addressing the members of the New England Association of Opticians.
"Our visual range is confined to near objects for the greater part of the day," said he, "and this keeps the eyes turned in. An object twenty feet away will make the eyeballs parallel. Anything less will turn them in, and people who spend hours in offices and crowded flats necessarily have a short range of vision, which overworks and weakens the interior muscles close to the nasal cavity.
"The exterior muscles not being so strained, are strong, and hence cause the eyes to turn out. Let a person who is thus affected spend a week or two in the country and his eyes become normal again, because he gets greater range of vision. Savages are generally far-sighted."—Jewelers' Circular-Weekly.

DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL RESIDENTS.
Acevedo, Ramon F.
Allen, Horatio.
Arnold, Mrs. L. C.
Brown, R. H.
Becket, H. S. C. G.
Beckles, Charles.
Beale, John M.
Buchanan, James
Bonilla, Alfonso.
Campbell, C. A.
Chivi, Nicolas.
Childs, Richard.
Cummings, Polemus.
Diermisen, Max.
Foster, W.
Fry, Peter.
Forbes, Charles.
Fennel, Samuel.
Grant, E. A.
Greenwood, John.
Gordon, Alexander.
Guelp, Fred.
Guridi, Francisco.
Lofos, J. F.
Legion, E.
Morrison, J. C.
Macpherson, Sarah.
Maroney, Robert.
Martí, Jack.
Nuzes, O. P.
Pillgrim, J. R.
Pardo, Rogelio.
Reiffschlager, Ernest.
Rafter, Wm. G.
Reynolds, Charles.
Ramsay, Henry.
Snaw, Charles Aubrey.
Shaw, Samuel.
Simmons, Captain S.
Seaman, W. M.
Scott, C. D.
Smith, C. H.
Schutt, Richard.
Taylor, Col. H. M.
Zurcher, Harry.

Trolley Car Ethics.
It has been decided that the "end seat" man who does not move along when a new passenger boards the car is a "hog." Another point remains to be determined. In rainy weather each seat of the open car has one dry sitting—in the middle. Should the passenger who arrives first and pre-empt the dry sitting move along into the wet when the seat fills? Is the first arrival who refuses to move along a "middle-seat hog," or is he exercising an ethical right to sit in a dry spot—a right founded upon priority and defensible under the rules of reason and equity? Having pre-empted the dry seat, or having dried and warmed a seat, should the passenger slide into the damp when new passengers push in? The question is a fine subject for debate. Its importance is not slight. Soon or late the emergency confronts everybody, and a rule of conduct in such case should be established.—Elmira Ga-

May Pays Better Than Gold.
A good hay farm in the Yukon Valley is a better paying proposition than an ordinary gold mine. This fact has been demonstrated by a Dawson freighter who is farming a large tract of native hay at Gravel Lake, on the trail between Dawson and the Duncan district, Stewart River. Last fall this man put in an immense quantity of fine hay, enabling him to bale more than 600 tons this winter. Besides wintering his own large herd of stock, he has considerable feed for sale, receiving \$140 a ton. At this price his crop was worth \$84,000. He clears a profit of at least 100 per cent. Winter weather has not yet prevented continuous work. A crew of ten men has been employed and two six-mule teams to collect the bales and carry them to market. His entire crop was cut with scythes and handled in a primitive manner. Next season he will replace these methods with modern farming implements, greatly reducing the cost of handling the crop.—New York Commercial.

Trained Tortoises.
Japanese and Korean showmen in addition to their skill as jugglers and acrobats display a truly marvelous skill in teaching animals tricks. They not only exhibit educated bears, spaniels, monkeys, and goats, but also trained birds, and, what is the more astonishing of all, trick fish.
One of the most curious examples of patient training is an exhibit by an old Korean boatman of a dozen drilled tortoises. Directed by his songs and a small metal drum, they march in line, execute various evolutions and conclude by climbing upon a low table, the larger ones forming of their own accord a bridge for the smaller, to which the feet would otherwise be impossible. When they have all mounted they dispose themselves in three or four piles like so many plates.

Family Conversation.
Make sure in parting of hospitality that you are able to discharge the obligations it imposes. Hunt out conversational coin from the carmine of your brain, suggest a writer in the Pittsburg Gazette. Be ready to give out something when the conductor glances your way.
I know a family in which, from the youngest child to the son in college, each member is required to contribute something to general conversation at meal time. They have never been allowed to regard this as a mere stop for stoking the physical engine, to be made as brief as possible. Each treasures up some incident of the day; no one forbids that he has met an old friend, or even watched the trail of the fire patrol and the excitement it aroused. They have become more observant, their sense of humor is sharpened, their sympathies are quickened in the little street comedies, because of the applause of the family circle. They are always sure of a friendly interest in their individual adventures and misadventures. They all keep in touch with each other's pursuit. Meal times are not dull in that family. The mind, as well as the body, is refreshed.

CITY LIGHTS.

It's a starry night, being city, and its myriad lights, Show a glow upon the heavens to the country boy o' nights. "Come," they beckon o'er the valley, "come to wealth and power and praise; It's for you the world is waiting," and the country boy obeys.

Now the lights are thick about him, blinking, flaring everywhere, Turning gloomy night the backward, shedding down a sickly glare On the hunted, lovelorn faces, on the folly and the pride, Raising mists of dismal shadow walls where fear and failure hide.

'Twas a splendid, beauteous city when its host of glowing lights Cast a glow upon the heavens for the country boy o' nights; But its heart is like a cavern, and its face is veiled with scars, And its eyes are filled with twilight that he cannot see the stars.

The Literary Niece.



UNT PICKLEBURY was an old maid. Not that old maids need, of necessity to be in anywise different from the rest of the world. Only Aunt Picklebury was different. She had, as it were, a vein of originality running through her. She liked to wear her brooches shawl wrong side out, and to tie her ribbons askew, and to put the flowers on the right hand side of her bonnet, while all the world was wearing theirs on the left hand side. And she could afford to cultivate as large a crop of peculiarities as she pleased, for Aunt Picklebury had money. It had been part of her peculiarity to emigrate West and buy lands just when all her relatives were located in a snug little Eastern town. "Are you crazy, Melissa?" her married sister had plaintively demanded. "No," Miss Picklebury had answered, "but I want breathing room." The lands had risen in value with almost fabulous rapidity; the Western settlement had grown into a young city, and Miss Melissa Picklebury was rich.

She sat knitting with a magazine open on her lap, one bright October morning, when Harry Hayden came in, the junior member of the firm of Hoyt & Hayden, who transacted Miss Melissa's legal business. "Crying, Miss Picklebury?" he exclaimed, cheerily. "Why, what on earth is the matter?" "Was I crying?" asked Miss Picklebury, somewhat shamefacedly. "Well, you couldn't help it yourself, Harry, if you had been reading this story. It's by my literary niece—the prettiest little thing you ever saw." "The story, or the niece?" "The story, of course. I never saw my literary niece, but I dare say she is raven-haired and snub, with holes in the elbows of her frock and grease spots on her apron. But she writes well; there's no denying that. I read all her papers, and I almost always laugh and cry over them. It's a great talent, Harry."

"So it is," assented the young man, carelessly. "I have written East for one of my sister's girls to come and stay with me," said Aunt Picklebury; "I told them to forward her by express. She'll be here this afternoon. I want you to go to the office and meet her." "The literary niece?" said Harry, laughing. "Goodness forbid!" said Aunt Picklebury, with a grimace. "I want no ink spots on my elegant bedroom furniture, and fine frolics about sunsets and autumn leaves and things. I wrote to Polly to send me a homespun, sensible girl, that would be a companion to me; not a full-dressed fashionable young lady."

"Can you cook?" "I'll show you to-morrow, Aunt Melly." "Oh," said Miss Picklebury, "I've an idea that the literary one and the school teaching one are rather inefficient." "Indeed, aunt, you are quite mistaken." "Oh, well, never mind all that," said Miss Picklebury. "Only I'm glad your mamma sent me the sensible one of the family." Clara Courtenay plunged into the domestic details of Miss Picklebury's establishment like a bee into a honey-suckle bell. She made preserves, concocted cake and reveled in jellies; she cleaned the house after a style that made Aunt Picklebury open her eyes in admiration; she repaired the best room, and was discovered by Harry Hayden on the top of a step ladder, with her chestnut braids tied up in a towel, whitewashing.

"Isn't she charming, Harry?" Aunt Picklebury demanded confidentially. "Delicious!" the young lawyer answered with emphasis. And to him came autumn evenings, while Aunt Melissa hustled away in the corner and took shrewd and not unsatisfactory note of things in general. "Tell me about your sister," he said one evening. "Which sister?" said Clara, who was skilfully putting together a marvelous mathematical silk quilt of her aunt's. "The authoress?" "Oh," said Clara. "Well, she is a good deal like me."

"As young?" "Oh, yes." "As pretty?" "Now, that's nonsense," said Clara, seriously. "Of course, both my sisters are a great deal better looking than I am." "I have read her writings, some of them," said Harry, "and if I wasn't afraid she was speckled and inked I should almost be tempted to fall in love with her. Would she love me, do you think?" Clara colored and bent closer over her work. "I—I don't know whether she would or not," said she. "Well, I shall not try," said Harry, laughing. "To tell you the truth, Clara, I have always had a holy horror of authoresses."

"Very complimentary to my sister," said Clara, putting a little. And of course Harry had to pacify her, and just then Bridget called Miss Picklebury into the kitchen, and when she came back the young people had great news to tell her. They were engaged!

"All!" said Miss Picklebury, rubbing her nose with her knitting needle. "I'm glad to hear it. I knew my sensible niece would be appreciated here in the West." Mrs. Squire Seaberry came to the office of Hoyt & Hayden the next morning. "Oh, Mr. Hayden," said she, "such a star as I hope to secure for my reception to-night! A real, live authoress. And to think that she has been living incognito among us for so long!" "Whom are you alluding to?" asked the puzzled lawyer. "Miss Courtenay, of course. Annie Courtenay, the authoress?" "Oh, you are mistaken," said our hero. "This young lady is Clara Courtenay."

"Annie Courtenay," distinctly enunciated Mrs. Seaberry, wisely nodding her head. "Don't you see? Annie C. Courtenay—that's her invariable signature." Harry Hayden went to the Picklebury mansion as soon as he could decently get rid of Mrs. Squire Seaberry. "Clara," said he, "what is your first name?" Miss Courtenay colored scarlet. "Annie," she answered. "Why?" "Because," said he, dryly, "I have just discovered that Miss Picklebury's sensible niece is also her literary niece." Clara hung down her head. "Harry, are you very angry with me?" "Not a bit. Didn't I tell you I was almost tempted to fall in love with Annie Courtenay?" "You see," pleaded Clara, "Susie has just commenced a course of German, and Marian couldn't leave her school, and—there seemed no one but me to come. And I thought aunt would forgive me even if I did write stories for the papers."



IN WOMAN'S REALM

Blondes Versus Brunettes. That it is more difficult for a blonde to dress becomingly than a brunette is the dictum of a celebrated artist. He bases his opinion partly on the fact that blondes nearly always attempt delicate blues and presume to wear ivory white, whereas, "only blondes with perfect complexions ought ever to attempt pale blues," and "only the fairest and best cared for blondes should risk ivory whites. All others had best cling to cream tints."

Brunettes, it appears, have all the warm tones to select from—red, orange, yellow and a few of the purples and blues. Blondes must pick their gowns from the cool tones—the pinks, greens and violets, and black and white. Pink, which nearly every woman over forty seems possessed to wear, is a shocking teltale, revealing the ravages of time in the cruelest way. Whenever the concealment of age is a consideration, it should be avoided.

Yellow is also a deadly color if worn near fair hair. It robs it completely of its color and lustre. Pink and red are both trying when worn in juxtaposition to the face, though of the two, it is preferable to wear them above the face rather than about the neck. Dark purples, blues and greens should be avoided by women who have a tendency to be haggard, with dark circles under the eyes and hollow cheeks. White and black gowns, when successfully designed, are about the most becoming gowns a woman can wear, this artist says in conclusion.

Smoothness of Complexion. A woman desires smoothness of complexion as well as fairness. She can have neither without a thorough cleansing both within and without. Not only must face, hands, throat, neck and arms be thoroughly washed, but she should drink water, many glasses a day, that digestion may be aided, impurities carried off and the skin rendered free from blemish, says the Housekeeper. This water should be spring water or good pure drinking water. It should not be fed and should be taken between meals. At large sanitariums every patient is given a glass of warm water a half hour before meal time to aid digestion, and half of the virtue in the various spas lies in the fact that the visitors drink the water freely. To obtain hot water at a given time and to be methodical in drinking is not always convenient, but the woman who desires a smooth complexion will begin with a glass of cold water the first thing in the morning and will take four or five glasses before luncheon. A corresponding number should be taken in the afternoon and one or two glasses upon retiring. Water drinking is one of the latest cures recommended by physicians for rheumatism, but care must always be taken that the water is pure, not too cold and not taken at meal time.

Doing Away With Side Saddles. Little Princess Victoria of Wales, granddaughter of King Edward, is being taught to ride horseback according to the "new style," which means that the cross seat has been selected for her. Royal patronage implies much in England, and the fact that it approves of the use of the man's saddle by women will eventually count for more in doing away with the side saddle than if a dozen of the most prominent horsewomen in the country should adopt the former. Princess Victoria's riding costume includes a killed shirt and a double-breasted tunic, and when she is garbled of her pony the skirt hangs neatly on both sides. The Prince and Princess of Wales are a very sensible couple, and it is not at all likely, says the Sportsman, in the Illustrated Sporting News, that they would permit their daughter to ride astride if they did not wish it to be understood that the new fashion of equestration had their hearty approval. Following so closely on the appearance on Rotten Row of the divided skirt, the latter's vogue is assured.

Fresh Wedding Einery. The bride is search of novel effects can borrow an idea from a wedding in New York City. The cloudy tulle of the bridal veil and soft white tapers of the marriage gown were further enhanced by the treatment of the ivory-bound prayer book which the bride carried in place of a bouquet in the church. Her prayer book was equipped with double "markers," yards of wide satin ribbon, which hung down in two long streamers from the book held in her hand as she went up the aisle on her father's arm. The bouquet was in readiness, but not used at all in the church, and was only assumed on regaining the maternal mansion. The bride held it in her left hand as she stood by her husband to welcome the guests who crowded into the marriage reception. For the church ceremony the prayer book with long and wide floating strands of ribbon was preferred to the longest. Blue Roses Now the Fashion. One of the astonishing millinery fancies of the year is the blue rose. Such a flower never sprouted on the earth's face, but built in shaded velvet, crumpled silk or even cleverly tinted muslin, it is bewitching on the summer hat of lace or maline. The girl who likes to wear blue and is weary of ragged robins and forget-me-nots greets the blue rose with enthusiasm and uses it in profusion. Another blue blossom which has made its appearance is the hyacinth, but it must be used with discretion. An imported hat in a peculiar shade, bordering on navy blue, is trimmed with these hyacinths and ribbon which matches the bloom. In a certain light, the entire confection turns to blue; turn it toward the sun and it shows violet tints. For a Girl's Luncheon. A somewhat extravagant but pretty way of serving the ice cream at a girl's luncheon is noted at Washington. At the due time the waiters bring to each fair guest a pretty plate on which is lying a pink rose with abbreviated stem, cut off short so as not to drag the rose with its freight of the little platter. Look closely and you will find that the fresh heart of the rose has been pinched out by the stern fingers of the presiding genius, and that the space gained is used as a receptacle for ice cream. The roses are so large that they really may be made to contain a good helping of ice cream. The cream is frozen very stiff, so it stays within bounds. The roses must all match and the stems must be nipped off short. Proper Dress Fastening. No matter how swell a woman's garments may be, she is undone when they are not properly fastened. There are hundreds of not-a-look, not-a-button, not-a-pin devices on the market for keeping plackets closed and waist and skirt together, but nothing yet invented does the work like a good, strong, old-fashioned hook-and-eye, says the New York Sun. The proper plan for her who would be firmly reefed together is to sew two strong eyes on every skirt band in the back; step No. 2, sew two strong hooks on a very firm and stout webbing with a buckle on one end. Strap this firmly on the outside of the skirt waist, fit the hooks over the eyes, and there you are, firm and taut and neat. Pay of English Nurses. A nurse in Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing Service receives an initial salary of \$200 a year. When she becomes a sister she gets from \$250 to \$325. A matron's salary gradually rises to a maximum of \$750. Fair Athletes of Berlin. The women of Berlin have tired of the wheel and horseback riding, and are now devoting themselves energetically to athletic exercises. A Feature of the New Belts. Narrow velvet streamers, reaching to the bottom of the train, are a feature of some of the new belts. Of Nights For the Gas Trust. "Like the theatres, we have our bad nights," said a gas company director. "Saturday night is the best for the gas companies, because all the chief stores keep open late and consume more gas than during the other six nights. Notice it and you will observe that gas on Saturday night is hardly as good as on other nights. This is because the companies are taxed to their utmost. The force is not as great in individual burners on that night. "Our bad nights are holidays and Sundays, when shops, manufactories, saloons and other patrons are closed down."

THE TACTFUL SPEECH.

A Type of the Little Tragedies That Happen in Society.

The young woman who prides herself on saying the happy word at the happy moment was lectured the other day. She wore a pearl-gray gown to a club reception, and chanced to be talking out of a corner with a vivacious lady who was sipping chocolate. Suddenly another woman broke into the conversation. "My dear," she said to the vivacious lady, "it seems that Mrs. Hemingway is an old sweetheart of your husband. She has been telling us what charming letters he used to write her, and she wants so much to meet you. Oh, here she is now! Do let me present—"

The vivacious lady sprang to her feet. She would not have showed a touch of embarrassment for worlds, and in her effort to appear delighted she poured her chocolate, with its whipped cream, all down the front of the maiden in gray. "Don't mention it!" exclaimed the tactful girl, as she mopped the brown ocean with a lace handkerchief. "I'm sure its no wonder you were awkward, the circumstances were so embarrassing! Besides it isn't half so bad for me as it is for you. I know I should want to go through the floor if I had done such a thing. No, really, don't make excuses! You mustn't worry about it at all. Listen! I have a lovely new gown coming home to-night. If it weren't for that I couldn't have behaved so well about this."

About that time a look on the vivacious lady's face brought the sweet prattler to herself with a shock, and she started for home, devoutly wishing that she had been born mute. There was another cheerful little spill at a recent church dinner. The president of the missionary society, attired as a waitress and carrying a platter of butter-balls, nimbly poised on one hand, approached the table she was serving. No one will ever know just how it happened, but the harmless lady in black silk who was sitting at the table suddenly felt a soft shower of something on her shoulders, and then realized that the platter itself had followed the butter-balls and landed between her and the back of her chair. The amateur waitress, with an exclamation of dismay, extracted the platter and began to ladle out the misshapen globes of butter, while the battered lady tried to think of something kind and comforting to say; but to her amazement the waitress, instead of expressing anxiety about the dress, only exclaimed, "Isn't that too exasperating? I don't believe I can use those butter-balls at all!"

Cats a Dainty Food. The cat is becoming a favorite article of food. Northern Italy has taken up the cat as a great dainty, says the Boston Transcript. In Azeglio, in Venice, in Verona, butchers sell cats and call them rabbits. For the State forbids the eating of cats, but the poor people, who have become the chief buyers of the inferior kinds of cats are not deceived by their cheap rabbits. The proper way to cook a cat is to toast him in an oven until brown, with onions, garlic, parsley, bay leaf, and some herbs peculiar to Italy. When boiled they are not so satisfactory. Just before Christmas it is common for a group of young men in northern Italy to kill some cats, skin them, and soak them in water for two or three days. They are then cooked with great care on Christmas Day and served up hot about 1.30 p. m., after mass. Italy has begun to cultivate the cat for home consumption, as English people raise rabbits. It is to be done on the quiet, however, for in spite of the profit in the business and the demand for the delicacy, the law has to be looked out for, and the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Cats is vigilant. Offenses against the law are visited with imprisonment. Cats are raised for the market, none the less. Fattened on the finest of milk, a choice specimen will attain the weight of thirteen pounds.

Humor of Today

- The New Version. A soldier of the Russians Lay jammed at Tschirvskskivich. There was lack of woman's nursing And other comforts which Might add to his last moments And smooth the final way; But a comrade stood beside him To hear what he might say. The japed Russian faltered: As he took that comrade's hand, And he said: "I never more shall see My own, my native land; Take a message and a token To some distant friends of mine. For I was born at Smolenskgora In Fair Smolenskgora on the Irkutskv Kinnov." -W. J. L., in New York Sun.
- Engagement Time. He—At what time in a girl's life should she be engaged? She—Just before she is married. -Yonkers Statesman.
- The Other Fellows. Little Willie—"Say, pa, what kind of modesty is false modesty?" Pa—"False modesty is the kind other people have, my son."
- Satisfied. Salesman—"Are those shoes large enough for you?" Pretty Girl—"No, but they match my suit." -Detroit Free Press.
- The Two Kinds. "The great art of conversation is to tempt a hearer to talk." "Yes, but some people need to be loaded off." -Cincinnati Tribune.
- Hardly. "Did you take in the Louisiana Purchase Exposition?" "Well," said the man, jingling three pennies and a souvenir medal, "I doubt if the exposition was taken in."
- Enough. "Geowhilkins, what's the matter with Bilkins? Has he lost his money in speculations?" "Oh, no. Bilkins is all right. That is merely his housecleaning time face."
- The Only Hope. "Of course, she's got a pretty baby now; our only hope is that as she gets older she'll grow haugomer." "Yes, I guess there's nothing for you to do but believe in 'age before beauty.'" -Philadelphia Press.
- Changed His Boarding House. "Is your dog trained?" asked the new boarder. "Oh, my, ye," replied the boarding house lady; "he goes down to the butcher's every day and brings home the meat for dinner in his mouth."
- His One Accomplishment. "Ent," she protested, "you should be ambitious to make a name or a fortune for yourself. You can't make anything by sitting still." "I can make love," he replied, with a soulful simper. -Chicago Tribune.
- Lucky. "There goes the luckiest man in St. Louis," remarked the old resident of the exposition city. "Lucky! He don't look it." "Well, he is. He hasn't got a relation in the world outside of St. Louis."
- Next Best. "Ah!" she sighed, "now that you have rejected my proffered hand, I have nothing more to live for." "Oh, I don't know," he replied, "there are two full-page bargain advertisements in this evening's paper." -Chicago News.
- Easy. Teacher—"Williams, this is an example in subtraction. Seven boys went down to a pond to bathe, but two of them had been told not to go into the water. Now, can you tell me how many went in?" Williams—"Yes, sir, seven."
- Went Higher Up. "He isn't in our social set any more." "So I understand." "Yes, he dropped out some time ago." "Why, he gave me to understand he had climbed out." -Philadelphia Press.
- Fond Memories. She—"Do you remember the first night you called?" He—"Oh, yes." "I had a sort of flower in my hair, didn't I?" "Yes, and I had some sort of flum on the lapel of my coat when I got home."
- New Occupation. "I don't see your name in the magazines any more." "No; all my time is occupied in writing unpublished poems of Burns, Byron, and the rest of them, and posthumous novels of a dozen authors who died without permission of their publishers."
- Better Usaid. Paterfamilias to unexpected guest. "Why didn't you send us word you were coming? Pot-luck, you know, my boy. Hope you have managed to make a pretty good dinner." Unexpected Guest (politely). "Bless you, old man! I hope I may never have a worse one."
- Limited Guarantee. Customer—"I think this is what my daughter told me to get. You guarantee it to be one of the popular songs of the day?" Music Dealer—"Yes, sir; but of course I can't guarantee its popularity among your neighbors after your daughter has learned to sing it." -Chicago Tribune.

CURRENT ITEMS (Contd)

A sum of \$50.10 was stolen from the office of Zent on Saturday last. Three persons suspected are under arrest. The wife of Mr. E. L. Waters was safely delivered of a son on the morning of Thursday last. Mr. and Mrs. Percy Scott were passengers arriving here by the "Baker" from Jamaica on Saturday last.

The American Consul, Paul P. Diemers, Esq., and Mrs. Diemers, left here for the States by the "Sibola" on Monday last on a few weeks vacation.

Captain Simmons left here by the "Baker" on Tuesday last for a well earned rest in the States. On his return he will stay over in Jamaica for a short while.

In our next issue we hope to publish the Programme of the forthcoming Festivities. Space and lack of time prevent us this week.

Ma A. B. Brand, well known here several years in connection with the turtle industry, arrived here from Greytown by the launch "Eagle" this week on a visit.

The passengers arriving here by the "Buckman" from New Orleans this week included Mrs. J. Schuffriday, Mrs. Steve Greener and Mr. H. Pittier.

Mrs. Ortega, who arrived here by the K. M. S. "Atrato" on Thursday last, was brought to Limon from Matina on Wednesday and transferred to the "Livia" in consequence of her grand child showing signs of whooping cough.

The district of Limon was visited on Wednesday last by the tail end of a cyclone, which did considerable damage on banana plantations at Barana River and at some of the farms on the line.

James Edwards, whose leg was amputated by Dr. Valaquez on Monday last at the Charity Hospital, as a result of stealing a ride on a banana train, is progressing very favorably towards recovery, no sign of fever having developed since the operation was performed.

In a circular dated August 1st, Messrs. I. L. and O. L. Maduro announce that the business hitherto conducted by them individually will from this date be carried on under the title of Maduro & Sons, Mr. Frank L. Maduro being a partner in the new concern.

Our advertising columns this week contain an advertisement of some tramway rails for sale by Lindo Bros. Through some error a duplicate quantity of their order was sent; the opportunity, therefore, may not occur again where these rails can be obtained on sale except at fancy prices.

Madame Salome, Matron of the Limon Charity Hospital, has been seriously sick during the past week, so much so that her condition at one time caused the doctor considerable anxiety. Madame Salome in her treatment of the patients is kindness itself, and her loss to that institution would be nothing less than a calamity.

The Police of San Jose made an important capture on Friday morning of an individual of French nationality. It is believed that the individual referred to belongs to the gang of foreign thieves who during the past few days have baffled the police. On being searched several of the Lottery tickets stolen from Teodoro Cayvajal were discovered. It is presumed that he recently arrived from Panama. He lives in cohabitation with a well known daughter of this country named 'Chuchuca' who has also been captured. - "El Noticiero."

"El Noticiero" under the heading of "Just Protest" reproduces an article published in our last issue, concerning the arrests of Jamaicans during the past weeks, and makes the following comments: "In justice to the Jamaicans, we say that they should not be abused on account of their color, but be allowed the same privileges as the whites, and treated with the same consideration given to others. It is true that among men of color there are many perverse ones, but that does not say that all are the same; and what race is there without black sheep?" It appears that Congress recently voted \$3,000 towards making a road between Limon and Moin. This, we think, is certainly a step in the right direction, and it is hoped the idea may be realized. It will be a boon for Limon, and will greatly assist in the proper development of the lands in this district. Owners through whose lands the road passes ought to be only too glad to assist the Government in carrying out the scheme which can but result of inestimable benefit to them.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN

LATEST CABLES

Tokio 24—Authentic news received here states that the Vladivostok squadron entered the Pacific Ocean on the 20th. It is believed that their plans are to raid the east coast of Japan. The shipping has been warned. No serious damage is anticipated, however, as the cruise can not be extended very far for want of fuel, and as the Russians have a meeting place for some collisions in that direction. From an incoming steamer it was learned that the fleet was heading for Siargao, French India China. The ships comprising the squadron are the "Rurik," "Ernie" and "Grombe."

The Foo 24—According to news from Japanese arriving here, the investment forces are strengthening their positions for a final assault on Port Arthur which will take place about the end of this month.

Tei Kiao 24—It is evident that the Japanese are drawing off troops from the Russian southern front reinforcing their eastern positions. The Japanese display marvelous power of concentration at the right time and place. The Moltke pass engagement strengthens the conviction here that the moment for a general advance by the enemy has not arrived. The Russian sharpshooters are having good practice, sniping the Japanese from the mountain sides. Small detachments creep out at night and seal up the Japanese pickets in the darkness and await sunrise. As soon as there is sufficient light they get fine shots before the Japanese pickets can get away.

London 24—The "Daily Telegraph" correspondent in Mukden says: "A sanguinary battle has been in progress for two days and still continues. The Japanese in superior numbers are attacking the Russian forces. The Russians are disputing their advance with much bravery. The flanking movements of the Japanese are causing the Russians to retire. The Russian losses are heavy. The Japanese have again demonstrated their superiority in artillery fire."

St. Petersburg 24—The official message publishes the following despatch from Leao Yang dated 21st. "Our right flank sustained a serious assault yesterday from the Japanese. The brigade of mounted Cossacks left Leao Yang this morning." This despatch confirms the news that the Japanese are advancing against Mukden.

Tokio 24—A Sabine boat reports having seen the Vladivostok squadron above Mayako steaming southeast at ten knots. The coast of Formosa is enveloped in a heavy fog. All vessels have suspended their sailing in consequence of the news.

New Chwang 24—Considerable excitement exists over the news that the Japanese are advancing in this direction. They are at present about Tannichan twelve miles from here. Yesterday heavy firing was heard. The Russian forces here are very small.

Washington 24—Under date 23rd the United States Chargé Affairs in St. Petersburg telegraphs the Secretary of State that the British Ambassador has been officially notified that the steamer "Malacca" has been released.

Alexandria 24—A British cruiser which arrived here from the Mediterranean fleet under sealed orders for Port Said. It is believed her destination is the Red Sea to watch the Russian volunteer fleet. The British fleet arrived at Alexandria today. The cruiser "Venom" has been despatched, her destination unknown.

Leao Yang 24—The Japanese have landed two divisions near Kowchow to reinforce the Port Arthur besiegers.

Tokio 24—On the 19th after a severe battle the Japanese forces under Kuroki occupied Kiao Tzu which was well fortified by the Russians who resisted heroically. Their losses were 370. St. Petersburg 25—Kurapatkin telegraphs the Emperor as follows: "A Japanese force of superior number attacked the Russian forces under Colonel Tschulstschin on the 16th in the Sialhot pass. The attack resulted in the retreat of our forces with the loss of 17 officers and 46 men killed, and 4 officers and 182 men wounded. On the 20th another encounter took place on the Mukden road: several companies of Cossacks tried to check the Japanese advance. The Russians were finally forced to retire with a loss of 23 killed towards Siao Sien. The Japanese also lost considerably."

China 26—Refuses arriving here from Port Arthur report that a steamer supposed to be the "Tannier" passed the fort and was fired upon, but as she did not stop a torpedo was fired at her and she was blown up.

Leao Yang 25—A conference between a press representative and General Kurapatkin, the latter criticized the Japs severely. He said it was more the quantity than the quality of their fire that did the damage; at the same time he paid the highest tribute to the ability of the Japanese engineers. Their fortifications, he said, were marvellous, complete in construction and location, their batteries snare and perfectly connected by telephone and telegraph, while their maps were excellent.

Constantinople 25—The passing through the Dardanelles of the steamers "St. Petersburg" and "Sinopolsk" under the merchant flag, and their conversion into war ships afterwards is considered here as a violation of the International Law, and these ships can only be considered as pirates. Great Britain's Mediterranean fleet at Alexandria, is believed, to be sent for the purpose of using force if necessary against the acts of these two ships. Since the passing of the "Sinopolsk" no other ships have passed through the Dardanelles, Great Britain has protested against the passing of the ships of the Russian fleet.

Sintzing 26—News has been received here that the Segoe pass, ten miles north-east of Sainatze, is occupied by a Japanese force of 500 infantry. It is believed that this force had an encounter with a Russian force marching east. The Japanese are despatching their reserves to reinforce the column occupying the Segoe pass. On the 19th heavy firing was heard. New Chwang 26—A heavy battle was fought near Tachekiao. Both sides

lost heavily. The Japanese triumphed finally.

Tientsin 26—Many Chinese refugees have arrived from New Chwang; they state that the Japanese have taken nine cannon to Port Arthur.

Tokio 26—The Vladivostok fleet has been seen sixty miles from here, accompanied by a merchant steamer supposed to have been captured.

Soer 26—The Russian Consul is chartering a steamer to notify the Russian volunteer fleet that they must leave the Red Sea immediately. On Saturday the German ship "Scandia" arrived under the Russian flag; permission was refused her to coal and provision. The ship has no war material, only a general cargo and some rails for Japan.

Tokio 26—The Vladivostok squadron sunk a ship above Izu. Her nationality is not known, neither is it known if her crew were drowned. The merchant ship was seen being chased by the fleet and several shots were fired at her, one finally sinking her. The operations of the volunteer fleet is occupying much attention, more so the matter of the "Prince Henrich" correspondence. This Government is taking note of every action in the matter, but expressing no opinion.

Sintzing 26—70 miles east of Mukden 26—30,000 Japanese with three pieces of cannon arrived here from the south. The force occupy the district of Saitama, Izogachan and Saiboeber. On the morning of the 23rd four companies of Russian troops, one company of infantry and two pieces of artillery were in touch with the Japanese vanguard. They discovered the Japanese to the number of 1000 a mile and a half from Izogachan and advanced. The Russian artillery opened fire and checked the Japanese advance but reinforcements coming up, compelled the Russians to retire in order to save themselves from being cut off. The Japanese did not continue pursuit. If the rains do not impede the movements an engagement will take place in a few days.

Port Said 26—The British battle ship "Albatross" is coaling before going through the canal. She will await the arrival of the "Abouker."

The British steamer "Chinam" arrived having on board the crew of the British ship "Knight Commander" which was sunk by the Vladivostok fleet above Izor. The European passengers have been detained by the Russians, but the crew was transferred to the "Chinam." The crew report that the fleet also sunk a Japanese sloop. At 7 a.m. the fleet was seen twenty miles from Kitsuura sailing eastward.

Yokohama 26—The "Knight Commander" which was sunk by the volunteer squadron sailed from New York. The squadron also seized a German steamer supposed to be the "Arabia," having on board 1000 tons of flour, and an English ship whose name is not known. Both ships were sent to Vladivostok in charge of Russian seamen. The American Trading Company are agents of the "Knight Commander."

British steamers arriving here report that a British cruiser is above Cape Helas, fifteen miles south of the Dardanelles. At night she uses powerful searchlights to watch if the Russian volunteer fleet intercepts merchant steamers, or if any ships navigated by Russian crews pass the Dardanelles towards the Red Sea.

Tokio 26—The war office has published a statement received from General Oker in which he arraigns the Russian's conduct in the field on the 13th. The charges are: The abuse of the white flag on two occasions, one for persistent firing on a field hospital conspicuously flying the Red Cross flag, whereby the Japanese were compelled to remove the hospital amid great danger; two, for firing on ten of the hospital corps though clearly distinguished by badges; three, for stabbing and slashing the wounded; two for mutilating the dead; one for stealing horses and cattle; and three, for violating women. Besides the above, numerous instances are given in which wounded Russians fired on Japanese succouring parties. These charges are preferred with full details. They relate to Oker's army only, and are independent of the experiences of General Kuroki which are no less shocking.

Berlin 26—The following is taken from the "Tageblatt" which that paper asserts is authentic: Grand Duke Bores, cousin to the Czar and in direct succession to the throne of Russia, has been recalled from Manchuria in consequence of a personal assault on General Kurapatkin. The Grand Duke arrived at Mukden with a retinue of young women. General Kurapatkin on hearing of this, summoned the Grand Duke and told him he must send the women away immediately, goes angrily asked the General if he remembered to whom he was speaking Kurapatkin replied: "Yes, perfectly, a lieutenant of Hussars; I am commander-in-chief of the army. Either obey my orders, or take the consequences." The Grand Duke in a fit of rage drew his sword and slashed at General Kurapatkin, who stepped back avoiding a serious blow, the sword however grazed his nose, inflicting a disfiguring wound. The Commander-in-chief reported the affair to the Czar who immediately ordered Boris home.

Chefoo 26—The German steamer "Chefoo" from New Chwang arrived here this morning and reports that it was stopped fifty miles from port by Japanese torpedo boats and examined. New Chwang 27—A fierce battle took place east of Tachekiao resulting in the defeat of the Russians. The battle lasted all day.

London 27—A news agency despatch has received the following from Leao Tung: Yesterday a fierce artillery duel took place. The Russian losses exceeded 400. On the part of the Japs the losses were much greater. According to the despatch the Russians fled precipitately leaving their dead and wounded on the field. The despatch does not give the name of the place where the battle took place.

St. Petersburg 27—The simultaneous movements of the Japanese against Tachekiao and Hurching, and the march eastward as far as Sainatze, indicate that they will commence a movement against the entire line. The Ministry of war has no confirmation of the movement.

Tientsin 27—Advices have been received here that the Japanese occupy New Chwang. The Russian Civil Administrator and staff left last night;

before doing so, he ordered the destruction of all Russian property.

Tientsin 27—Lloyds agent at New Chwang advises that fifty Japanese horse entered the port this morning. The French flag floats over all the Russian buildings. Everything is quiet.

St. Petersburg 27—It appears that the final advance of the Japanese against Kurapatkin has commenced. There is a strong movement of the stamps, on the road leading to Hanching, which is occupied by Japanese troops. At the north also there is a movement but perhaps this is intended to menace Heiching. Official advices report that fighting has been going on for several days south of Tachekiao, but the Russians are still occupying the place. If they are compelled to retire the seargard will continue fighting.

St. Petersburg 27—The people of Russia are anticipating the pleasure of saluting an heir to the Russian throne.

New York 27—The House of Howard, Bowat & Co., agents of the steamer "Knight Commander" have received a telegram confirming the news of the sinking of that ship by the Russians. The agents state that the "Knight Commander" had on board a general cargo valued at \$20,000. She had not a single package of contraband material. She there on the 6th May left Singapore. A crew consisted of twenty-eight men with about twelve passengers.

London 27—The Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs has been officially advised of the sinking of the "Knight Commander" and has ordered the British Consul to investigate the case and report immediately to Downing Street. Until the result is received, no action will be taken. The Foreign office regrets the incident just as other matters are being arranged in a friendly manner.

Liverpool 27—Much uneasiness is felt here over the steamer "St. Hubert" which sailed from Calli on the 27th May for Yokohama. It is feared she has been seized by the Vladivostok fleet.

Port Land, Oregon 27—The steamer "Arabia" seized by the Vladivostok fleet left here on the 1st June with a cargo of 5000 tons valued at \$187,000.

Suez 27—The Captain of the British steamer "Aurora" has arrived here and filed a protest against his detention and seizure.

Berlin 27—The German steamer "Lisca" of the Oldenburg Portugal Company was stopped and searched by a Russian ship in the Gulf of Finland.

London 27—Mr. Balfour in reply to a question in the House of Commons said: "The seizure of the 'Malacca' presents grave complications, the solution of which is being the Government's most serious concern."

Yokohama 27—The captain of the steamer "E. Simon" which brought the crew of the "Knight Commander" reports that the ship entered three Russian warships on Sunday morning above Izu. Russian officers boarded her and arrested the captain. After their return from the squadron, the crew were given ten minutes to leave the ship and proceed on board the Russian vessels. As soon as the time expired the fleet fired on the "E. Simon" Commander" sinking her; in the afternoon the crew were transferred to "Simon."

Yokohama 28—An official of the Russian navy, who is on board the "Taman" says: "The officers of the Russian squadron have orders from St. Petersburg, to treat the British flag with the greatest respect, but if the "Taman" has on board material for Railway construction she not only must be searched but is liable to be sunk." He further said: "The officers connected with the sinking of the "Sado" have been severely censured, because they never took the precaution of finding out if she had war material, or army men on board or not." It took 4 torpedoes to sink the "Knight Commander." The latest news from the Vladivostok fleet is that they had entered the Bay of Tokio. Much indignation is expressed over the sinking of the "Knight Commander."

London 28—At a Cabinet meeting this evening, the discussion over the sinking of the "Knight Commander" was the principal subject discussed. Count Benckendorff, the Russian Ambassador, had an interview with Lord Lansdowne but as the Ambassador had no official notice of the sinking he could not discuss the matter. The incident is causing much discussion in official circles, as well as among the public. The Captain of the "Malacca" was presented to the Secretary of Foreign Relations in the name of his Company, a claim for damages. The London daily papers are of opinion that Mr. Balfour's remarks are a proof that the situation is very grave, and urge the Government to insist on a prompt explanation from Russia of the incident. A Tokyo despatch says: "It is believed here that now Russia is confronted by England, Germany and the United States, she will try and find a road to retire with dignity from a war that has proved so far disastrous to her."

Paris 28—In official circles here some doubt is placed on the news from New Chwang relative to the hoisting of the French flag on Russian buildings. The French flag is only hoisted over the Consulate. Missions and Banks which are under French protection, including the Russo-Chinese Bank in which France has great interest. The occupation of New Chwang by the Japanese is a serious blow for Russia because it deprives her of the opportunity of watching the movements of the Chinese army under General Ma.

Mukden 28—Information received here of the fighting at Tachekiao shows that the Russians had one hundred pieces of artillery which caused a heavy loss to the Japanese besides the destruction of several of the cannon. The Japanese attack on the Russian centre was repulsed; nevertheless orders were issued by the Russian Chiefs yesterday to retire from the heights situated five miles north of Tachekiao; this movement was carried out in good order. The Hospital train of the Empress passed through Mukden yesterday with three hundred and fourteen wounded men from the battle of Tachekiao. This battle was exclusively an artillery duel commencing at 6 a.m. and finishing at 11 p.m. without a moment's cessation. Information has been received that small parties of Japanese

WON'T WASH CLOTHES. Monkey Brand Will polish anything but manners. Try it on your Pots and Pans, and see Brand How smart your Kitchen will look.

are marching in the direction of Ben-tzu, a town forty miles east of the station at Yeokow, on the road to Sintzing. If this news is true it indicates that the Japanese intend to flank the town of Leao Yang in the direction of Mukden.

St. Petersburg 28—The seizure of the Korean mail steamer with a large and valuable cargo and the sinking of the "Knight Commander" caused much rejoicing, but it was of short duration due to the receipt of a despatch from Washington insisting that the cargo of the "Knight Commander" was not contraband of war. There is every probability of this matter reopening the "Malacca" incident. A strong desire exists here to avoid more complications, more especially with the United States.

St. Petersburg 28—A fire has destroyed the factory of Electric cable the largest in the capital. The loss exceeds 1,250,000. An immense quantity of wire for torpedoes and mines, intended for the Baltic fleet was destroyed.

aneese forces have taken Syeh an, and explain the continuous night of the last few days in which the Japanese had five hundred and seventy. The Russian losses exceeded one thousand eight hundred.

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PANAMA CABLES. Washington 24—The Canal Commission received advices from Panama to-day that the project for the monetary system has been ratified. Panama now possesses a gold currency.

PANAMA CANAL. From the "Star & Herald." The question of labour is said to be occupying the Engineer Department keenly; and yet, every day natives applying for work on the different sections are being turned away, the excuse in most instances being that these are not strong enough to labour alongside the sturdy Jamaican; and, as the salary paid is uniform, the poor Isthmian naturally gets no show; nor will he get a chance, it appears, while a stronger, heavier-set man are to be had. Still, it is reported that for the present few, if any additional gangs, will be put to work.

An engineer remarked yesterday that, while the preference be given to the sturdier Jamaican on the heavier work, natives might be employed to better advantage as machinemen in the clearing away of undergrowth and the cleaning up of grounds about the buildings; or put to whitewashing and other light work. Conditions upon the Isthmus are such that the natives are in sore need of employment, and they feel that they should have the preference wherever possible.

The Band For Limon. ALL HOPES CRUSHED. (From "El Noticiero") At a meeting of the Constituyente Congress on the 1st August, Deputy Oreamuno brought forward a motion for a vote of \$3,500 for a band of music for Limon. Senor Villalobos, seconded the motion giving his reasons for so doing.

Perez Zeleson—I am not in accord with the motion as it considers it imprudent for the nation to be put to the expense of \$3,000 per year for Flutes and Whistles. Oreamuno—Why is it that Panama Arcues has a military band, and Limon which is the first port, and of more importance, has none? Quizon—Approved the motion of Oreamuno.

Zeleson—Up to the present there is a simple subvention for a school of music, with this Limon in accord but not for a band. The President explained to Senor Oreamuno why Punta Arcues had a band and Limon none. Jimenez, among other things said: "I do not consider the State is obligated to establish and sustain the arts. I am in esteem of Limon when it is necessary to vote large or small sums for sanitary purposes which is of the first importance, but I do not approve of the band."

He explained to the House that one of the first things the Americans did on taking charge of the Island of Cuba was to make it sanitary, as there was much sickness in the island. It will not be difficult, he continued, if they say to us to-morrow, you must either make Port Limon sanitary or we will do it. For these reasons I object to a band for Limon, but am in favor of sanitation. Later on Senor Oreamuno withdrew his motion.

WANTED. BOOKKEEPER with practical experience—one with knowledge of Spanish preferred. Apply Limon Weekly News office.

THE LIMON WEEKLY NEWS IS THE BEST Advertising Medium in Central America. If you want your business to prosper you must advertise.

AUGUST calendar table with days of the week and dates from 1 to 31.

FOR SALE. CART—cheap. In first class condition. Apply Baptist Mission House, Limon.

TEA MEETING. WESLEYAN GATHERING. It is a notable fact that every Tea meeting organized by the churches...

CHURCH NOTES. The "August meeting" which was postponed on account of the heavy rains will take place on Monday at 7 p.m. at the Baptist Church, Limon.

DEATHS. The following deaths are recorded in Limon for week ending August 5th: July 29—Jose Maria Baredi, Honduran, 54 years.

ORECAST FOR COMING WEEK. To ARRIVE: Buckman, In port, New Orleans; Mount Vernon, .. Mobile; Brewster, .. New Orleans.

Table listing arrivals and departures with columns for ship name, date, and destination.

DRUG COMMUNITY has been benefited by the introduction of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy into this country.

WANTED. A COOK; one to assist in house work. Apply this office.

Marriage Applications. The following marriage applications have appeared in the Official Gazette: Dancan Augustus Vassal to Florence Catherine Rattery, both of Jamaica.

Weekly Shipping List. ARRIVED. July 25.—At 4.45 p.m. s.s. "Alleghany" German, c. Bode, 46 crew and 1600 tons register, from Carthageua.

July 26.—At 1.55 p.m. s.s. "Bradford" German, c. Bruhn, 40 crew and 911 tons register, from New Orleans.

July 26.—At 4.45 p.m. s.s. "Venezuela" Italian, c. Carbone, 84 crew and 2227 tons register, from Savanilla.

July 26.—At 12.5 p.m. s.s. "Venus" Norwegian, c. Tysland, 33 crew and 1423 tons register, from New Orleans.

July 27.—At 9.30 a.m. s.s. "Manistee" English, c. Neale, 47 crew and 2501 tons register from Manchester.

July 27.—At 3 p.m. s.s. "Harald" Norwegian, c. Irgens, 21 crew and 495 tons register, from Mobile.

July 28.—At 1 p.m. s.s. "Alps" German, c. Rieck, 20 crew and 1117 tons register, from New Orleans.

July 28.—At 6.15 a.m. s.s. "Atrato" English, c. Strauger, 154 crew and 2069 tons register, from Colon.

July 29.—At 5.30 a.m. s.s. "Siberia" German, c. Bramber, 53 crew and 2246 tons register, from Carthageua.

July 22.—At 2 p.m. s.s. "Christiana" German, c. Rose, 52 crew and 1775 tons register, for Colon.

July 25.—At 5 p.m. s.s. "St. Germain" French, c. Mouraud, 124 crew and 1874 tons register, for Colon.

July 25.—At 9 p.m. s.s. "Mount Vernon" Norwegian, c. Falsen, 21 crew and 649 tons register, for Mobile.

July 25.—At 4 p.m. s.s. "Alleghany" German, c. Bode, 46 crew and 1606 tons register, for New York.

July 27.—At 9.30 p.m. s.s. "Venezuela" Italian, c. Carbone, 84 crew and 2227 tons register, for Colon.

July 27.—At 3 a.m. s.s. "Bradford" German, c. Bruhn, 40 crew and 911 tons register, for Boston.

July 28.—At 9.30 p.m. s.s. "Venus" Norwegian, c. Tysland, 33 crew and 1423 tons register, for New Orleans.

July 28.—At 4 a.m. s.s. "Harald" Norwegian, c. Irgens, 21 crew and 495 tons register, for Mobile.

Does this Man possess Divine Power?

THE DEAD BROUGHT BACK TO LIFE. Is But Little More Miraculous Than Some of the Marvelous Cures He Performs Without the Aid of Drastic Drugs, Medicines or the Healing Agents Commonly Employed by the Medical Fraternity.

Doctors and Scientists Unable to Explain the Wonderful Phenomena. Cures Those a Thousand Miles Away the Same as Those Who Call in Person. Takes No Money for His Services, Says His Mission is to Heal Disease and Teach Mankind Secret Law of Nature Which Has Been Overlooked by Doctors and Scientists for Centuries Past.

From the Buffalo Courier. Rochester—Prof. Thomas F. Adkin, a wealthy resident of this city, has truly created a sensation among the medical fraternity. By some mysterious law of nature he has done practically everything but bring the dead to life, and doctors and scientists who have witnessed his work are looking for him to do this next.

Mrs. Hattie L. Kelly, Seal Cove, Me., writes: "Words can hardly express the gratitude I feel for what your treatment has done for me. When I began taking it I had given up hopes of ever being well."

J. KAEMPFER, COMMISSION MERCHANT. DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE. One Block North Old Railway Station.

RUBBER BOUGHT AT HIGHEST PRICES. Agent in Limon for the COMMERCIAL UNION FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

AVISO. La Municipalidad de esta Comarca ha señalado para la celebracion de las proximas fiestas cívicas de esta ciudad, los dias 15, 16 y 17 de setiembre proximo.

NOTICE. The Municipality of this Comarca has fixed for the celebration of the Civic Festivities of this city the 15th, 16th and 17th September proximo.

Read This. Having withdrawn from the firm lately carried on under the name of CALORIE AND CO.

I take this opportunity of informing my patrons that I have opened my watch-repairing and goldsmith business at Mr. Alfano's building formerly occupied by the well known store San Jose.

FOR SALE.

Tramway Material for Banana Farms JUST RECEIVED. MR. C. A. McALISTER, SHOE EXPERT. Begs to remind his customers and the public that he has removed his Shoe Establishment from Ninety-nine Building to the store of Mr. Julio opposite the Market.

MALARIA KILLER. A safe, certain and permanent cure for every form of INTERMITTENT and MALARIAL FEVERS. Contains no quinine or arsenic. TESTIMONIAL. I have pleasure in stating that thanks to one bottle of Malaria Killer I was cured in a few days of malarial fever from which I was suffering.

H. WIMMER, Photographer. Ninety-nine Building, Limon (FORMERLY WITH PAYNTER BROS.) High class work guaranteed. Specialty in Photo Buttons and Picture Cards.

JESUS MARIA RUEDA (OF BOGOTA) Professor of the Pianoforte. Lessons given at residence of pupils at any convenient hour by arrangement.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY. GENERAL LINE OF DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, NOTIONS AND GROCERIES. Sole Agents for Schlitz Beer, Canadian Club Whiskey, White Rock Litra Water, Vacuum Oil.

Horses. Horses. Horses!! Two Carloads Liberian Horses on or about July 15th. E. P. DEARCE, Zent Junction.

GROUND COFFEE. You will get the finest qualities at the factory of the Phoenix Coffee Co. Limon C. R.

AVISO. La "Botica Nueva" de Lindo Bros, tiene a su cargo el servicio público nocturno, 20 de julio de 1904.

NOTICE. The Drug-store named "Botica Nueva," belonging to Lindo Bros., has been authorized to attend the Public Service during the night, July 20th, 1904.

St. David's Lodge, Matina. The Members of the St. David's Lodge will give a public entertainment entitled "Beauty and the Beast" on Monday August 22nd commencing at 7 p.m.

For Sale or Rent. Cottage of 4 Rooms commanding a splendid view of the harbour, most picturesquely situated in a healthy locality. Apply C. A. SHAW, Botica Nueva.



Miss Hapgood tells how she was cured of Fallopian and Ovarian Inflammation—and escaped an awful operation by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered for four years with what the doctors called Salpingitis (inflammation of the fallopian tubes) and ovaritis, which are most distressing and painful ailments, affecting all the surrounding parts, undermining the constitution, and sapping the life forces. If you had seen me a year ago, before I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and had noticed the sunken eyes, sallow complexion, and general emaciated condition, and compared that person with me as I am today, robust, hearty and well, you would not wonder that I feel thankful to you and your wonderful medicine, which restored me to new life and health in five months, and saved me from an awful operation.—MISS IRENE HAPGOOD, 1923 Sandwich St., Windsor, Ont.

Ovaritis or inflammation of the ovaries or fallopian tubes which adjoin the ovaries may result from sudden stopping of the monthly flow, from inflammation of the womb, and many other causes. The slightest indication of trouble with the ovaries, indicated by dull throbbing pain in the side, accompanied by heat and shooting pains, should claim your instant attention. It will not cure itself, and a hospital operation, with all its terrors, may easily result from neglect.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I can truly say that you have saved my life, and I cannot express my gratitude to you in words.

Before I wrote to you telling how I felt, I had doctored for over two years steady and spent lots of money in medicine besides, but it all failed to do me any good. My menses did not appear in that time, and I suffered much pain. I would daily have fainting spells, headache, backache and bearing down pain, and was so weak that it was hard for me to do my work.

I used your medicine and treatment as directed, and after taking three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, menses appeared, my womb troubles left me, and I have been regular ever since. I used fourteen bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier together, and am now restored to perfect health. Had it not been for you, I would have been in my grave.

"I will always recommend your wonderful remedies, and hope that these few lines may lead others who suffer as I did to try your remedies."—MRS. T. C. WILLIAMS, R. R. No. 1, Manning, Iowa.

Such unquestionable testimony proves the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound over diseases of women. Women should remember that they are privileged to consult Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., about their illness, entirely free.



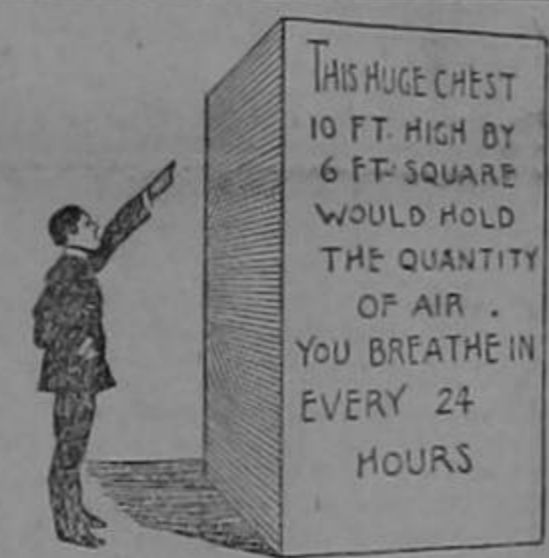
Envoy of the Dalai Lama, the Ruler of Tibet, at the British Camp.

THE AIR WE BREATHE.

Diagrams Illustrating the Necessity of Ventilation.

In an article on "Why We Need Ventilation," in the Western Architect, Morris Ebersole says: "In its natural state, whether from the equator or the poles, the composition of air is almost invariable, with the exception of the amount of water vapor. Man was made to exist in this envelope of air surrounding the earth, and, therefore, his anatomy is affected one way or the other according to the composition of the air he breathes. The life-giving and vital principle of air is oxygen. This element revives, reassembles, sustains and feeds, and the breathing organs are so minutely and beautifully proportioned that the least change or diminution of this element in the air inhaled is immediately evidenced by a feeling of discomfort or nausea—and unmistakable sign that something is wrong.

In these days, when so much of our lives is spent indoors, some provision must be made that the air we constantly breathe is not lacking in any of its healthful, natural qualities. Expired air differs from inspired air by just so much harmful ingredients as is the purpose of nature to eliminate from our systems. These eliminations and chemical changes in the composition of air in our lungs are constantly



ONE DAY'S AIR SUPPLY.

going on. Nature has provided that man should eliminate such things as are harmful to him—when elimination ceases life ceases—and these waste products are in themselves poisonous and dangerous to health if we take them again into our systems.

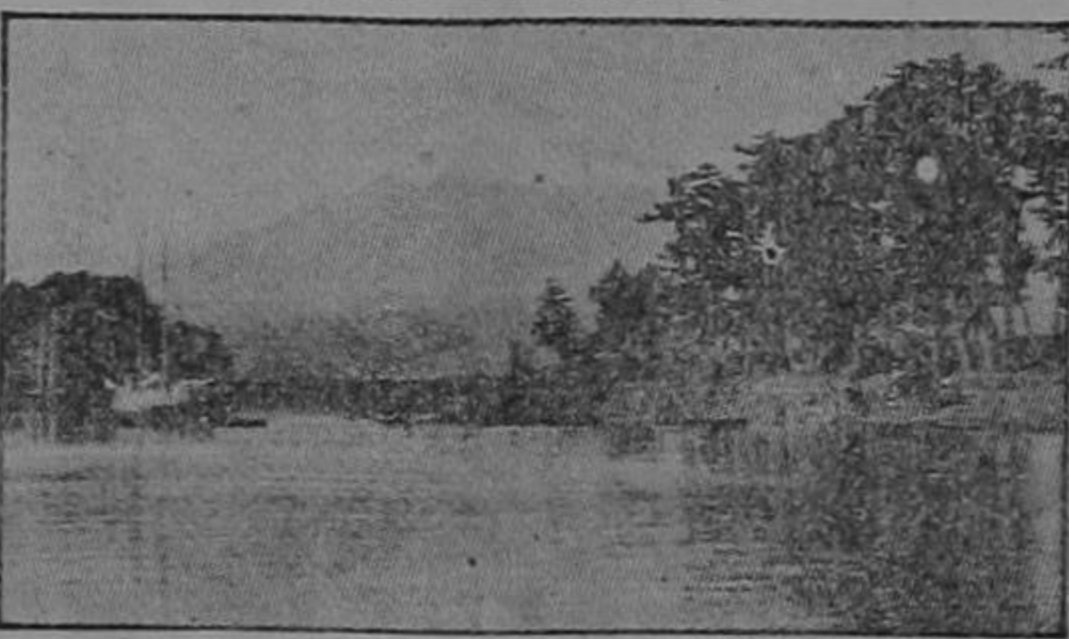
In expired air the amount of carbon dioxide—an inert, suffocating gas—is increased, and the amount of oxygen is proportionately diminished. Man cannot live in an atmosphere in which the oxygen is too rare; or, in other words, too highly diluted with nitrogen. Nitrogen is not poisonous, but it cannot sustain life, and it acts as a diluent to the oxygen, which if present in the pure undiluted state would cause a more rapid combustion than the delicate tissues of our lungs could bear. Again, other complex poisonous products are exhaled in the breath, which of themselves would rapidly cause decay and disease.

For these reasons, and living in confined places as we do, most of our lives, in which space we breathe and have our being, it is only the pressure to the inexorable laws of nature which drives us to think of ventilation and to make provision for it.

Brave Deed of Aged Woman.

A Masardis (Me.) woman, aged sixty-five, saw a fire on the roof of the barn one day last week, where it came from a spark from the kitchen chimney. She got a ladder, crawled upon the barn roof, shinned along the pig-back on the ridge pole with a pail of water and quenched the fire.

THE FAMOUS SNOW-CLAD SACRED MOUNTAIN OF JAPAN.



MT. FUJIYAMA FROM TAGANOURA.

WATER MICROPHONE.

A microphone, as you perhaps know, is a sort of telephone which greatly increases the intensity of sounds so that the noise made by a fly in walking



HOW THE MICROPHONE LOOKS.

over the apparatus can be heard anywhere in a large room.

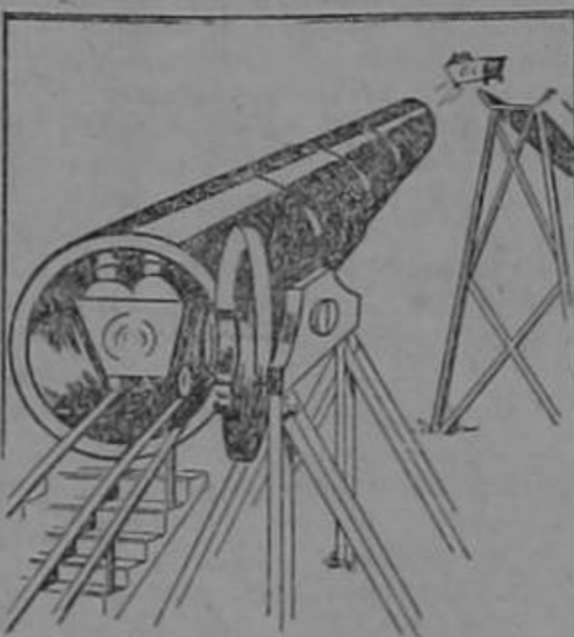
The microphone, like the telephone, is an electrical instrument, but the word microphone means merely an instrument which enables one to hear feeble sounds, and so the simple apparatus to be described may be called a microphone, though it has nothing to do with electricity. When water issues from a small orifice it forms a continuous, clear stream for a little distance and then breaks into drops which fall at pretty nearly equal intervals. But the interval between the drops depends on what vibrating bodies may be in the neighborhood, as may be shown by the following pretty experiment:

Connect one end of a rubber tube with the water faucet or with a vessel of water on a shelf and in the other end insert a glass medicine dropper. Hold the glass tube, pointing downward, over a vertical metal tube, the upper end of which is covered with sheet rubber tightly stretched. Hold the tube at such a height that the stream just falls to break into separate drops before it strikes the rubber.

Now if you hold a watch near the glass tube from which the stream issues the sound made by the water in falling on the rubber will keep time with the ticking of the watch and so magnify it. The effect will be very much increased if a paper or tin funnel is connected with the metal tube, as shown in the illustration.

HUMAN CANNON BALLS.

Lovers of sensational experiences should not their ambitions gratified to the utmost in the late invention of a genius who promises to literally fire



THE HUMAN AMMUNITION CANNON.

them through the air from the mouth of a cannon. The contrivance he has devised for this purpose is a mammoth metallic

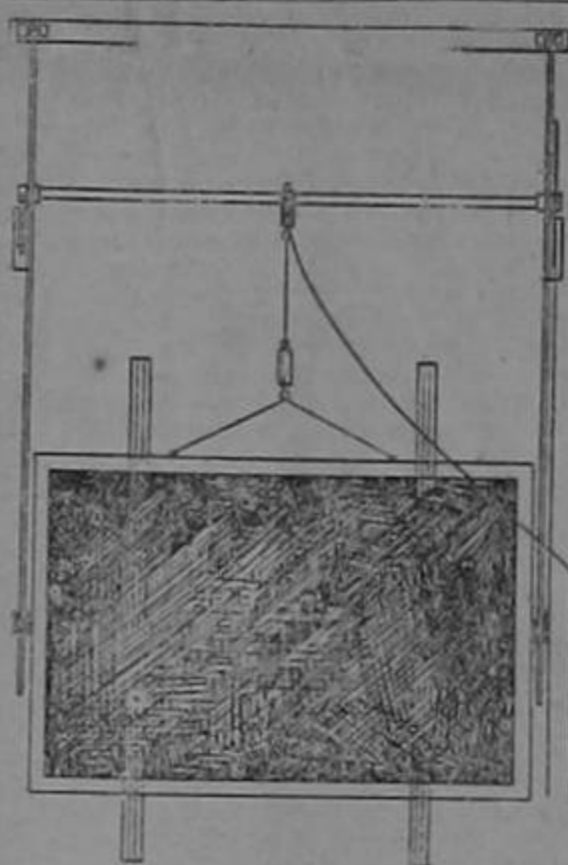
cannon of high bore, which he plans to mount upon a high trestle. Within the cannon are tracks upon which roll cars which are to be occupied by passengers. When these cars are loaded with their human freight they are to be violently propelled into midair, alighting at a distance on tracks on a somewhat lower trestle and continuing their progress down an incline to terra firma, which doubtless will be welcomed by the more timid adventurers.

The bodies of the cars are to be so weighted that in their flight through the air they will maintain their upright position and the relative position of the cannon's mouth and the secondary track are to be such that there will be no danger of the cars missing connection.

ADJUSTABLE BLACKBOARD.

Readily Made to Meet All Emergencies of the Schoolroom.

An ingenious German inventor has devised a blackboard that mechanically is perfectly adapted to all the emergencies of schoolroom use resulting from a great variety of work by individuals of considerable difference in stature. The board can be adjusted and fixed at any desired angle and raised or lowered vertically in slotted arms, or secured so as to permit of horizontal use, or it may be reversed as the service may require. The chief merit of the combination, however, is that the mechanism by which the numerous adjustments are made possible is simple enough to be comprehended by



ADJUSTABLE BLACKBOARD.

the youngest scholars, several movements being effected by means of a string, or cord, acting on two arms resting against the wall from which the board is supported.

THE NEW REPUBLIC OF PANAMA.

This is the flag of the new Republic of Panama—blue and red stars on a white field, and blue and red squares—one more red, white, and blue banner.

Until last November Panama was one of the States forming the United States of Colombia. Becoming gravely dissatisfied with the way Colombia acted in regard to the isthmian canal and the United States' pending treaty with Colombia over the matter, the people of Panama rose in revolt and



set up a republic of their own. It was a bloodless revolution. Two days after the revolt our Government acknowledged the independence of Panama. All the leading European Governments have done the same thing, and now it is believed matters will be arranged so that work on the canal can be soon and resolutely pushed forward. The population of the new republic is only about as great as that of Rhode Island.

The isthmus has an average width of about forty miles and is about 200 miles long. It rains there almost incessantly during July, August and September



Pudding Sauce.

One pound of sugar, four ounces of butter, one-half cup of water; boil flavor with cinnamon or vanilla, and just before serving stir in the stiffly beaten whites of two or three eggs.

Pleasant Dessert.

Trim off the crust of stale bread, cut it in fingers two-thirds of an inch thick, dip each piece in melted butter and line the bottom and sides of small buttered molds. Fill the centre with stewed and sweetened rhubarb and cover the top with buttered fingers. Bake in moderate oven thirty minutes and serve with whipped cream.

Seed Patty Cakes.

Cream together one cup of sugar and one-third cupful of butter. Add alternately one cupful of sour milk and two cupfuls of sifted flour. Add the beaten yolks of three eggs, one teaspoonful each of caraway seed and vanilla extract. Fold in the stiffly beaten whites of three eggs, and, lastly, stir in well one-half teaspoonful of soda dissolved in a tablespoonful of warm water. If the batter runs from spoon, add one-quarter cupful of flour; if should drop nicely from spoon, fill patty pans scant half full and bake in oven suitable for bread. These cakes are very tender, and it is a nice way to use the sour milk.

Peaches For Shortcake.

Cover one-half pound best dried peaches with hot water and let stand an hour. Wash peaches and cut out hard and imperfect parts and strip off skins. If peaches are a good quality the skins will come off easily. Wash again, cover with warm water and let stand over night. In the morning put on to cook in the water already over them and simmer two hours, or until perfectly tender. Add one and one-half cups sugar and cook one-half hour longer. This makes a rich sauce. When the shortcake is made put the peaches back on the stove to reheat, mash them and add one-half cup more of sugar. Shortcake, to be good, should be served as soon as baked. Spread with the hot mashed peaches. Serve with or without cream.

Pressed Chicken.

Use the meat from half a boiled chicken; chop very fine and mix it with four skinned sausages; this should be chopped to a paste. Grate enough bread crumbs to make equal bulk with the chicken meat and have the sausage about equal also; that is, a third of each. Mix well and add pepper, salt and lemon juice to taste, with a pinch of grated nutmeg. Cover the chicken bones with boiling water, add three cloves, half a dozen allspice and a bit of garlic, boil about half an hour, take some of it to moisten the paste, then add three well-beaten eggs. A square tin mold with straight sides should be used; line the sides and bottom with strips of salt pork, covering every inch; pour in the paste, put more pork slices on top, tie a buttered paper on top and bake about an hour in a moderate oven. Set aside to cool, turn out, remove the slices of pork and serve the loaf on a bed of jelly. It may also, after cooked and cool, be molded in jelly and turned out, or it may be served plain.

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEKEEPER.

Cretones and damasks are much liked for bedrooms, the latter being of more general usefulness.

Lettuce and green peas cooked together make a dainty spring dish. Few people know that lettuce is as good when cooked as spinach. Boiled with young peas the flavor is delicious. Also it is very wholesome.

There are magnificent Japanese embroideries on satin for those who can afford them. These are used on ceilings especially. Paneled with hard wood they are splendid. They are charming, too, in panels for side walls.

The secret of success in whipping cream lies mainly in the coldness of everything employed in the process. Chill the cream on ice, and if you have a syllabub churn—an upright glass egg beater will do the business—it should be chilled before the cream is put into it, and in warm weather, set in a bowl of ice while being operated. Beat steadily, but not fast. Rapid beating makes the cream greasy. One cup of cream will make a pint of whipped cream.

Palms will not do well unless they are kept free from dust; they should be washed as often as once a week during the winter, and a sprinkling with a hose every day in summer will do them no harm. Set the pots containing palms in a deep dish and water them from the bottom, placing the water in the under dish; this should be supplied with water every day for plants kept in the house during the winter. The palm will drink a great deal of water if it can get it and will thrive on a cold water diet.

On the east coast of Scotland 1,000,000 barrels of herring are cured every year.

BOTANIC B.B.B. BLOOD BALM

The Great Tonic Remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Scrophula, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Ulcers, Eczema, Sores, Eruptions, Weakness, Nervousness, and all BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES. It is by far the best building up Tonic and Blood Purifier ever offered to the world. It makes new, rich blood, imparts renewed vitality, and possesses almost miraculous healing properties. Write for Book of Wonderful Cures, sent free on application. If not kept by your local druggist, send \$1.00 for a large bottle, or \$1.50 for six bottles, and medicine will be sent, freight paid, by BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

TEXAS AND LOUISIANA



No trouble to answer questions 25 miles shortest route Shreveport to Dallas. Write for new book on Texas, free. E. P. TURNER, General Passenger Agent, Dallas, Texas.

INSOMNIA

"I have been using Cascarets for Insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented to be."—Thos. Gillard, Elgin, Ill.



Best for The Bowels. Pleasant, Palatable, Painless, Taste Good, Do Good. Does Not Stain, Weaken or Grip, 20c, 50c, 1.00. Never sold in bulk. The genuine label stamped C.C.C. Guaranteed in case of your money back. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES. Associated with Thompson's Eye Water.

Oldest Woman's College.

It is claimed for Wesleyan Female College at Macon, Ga., by a correspondent of The Washington Post, that it is the oldest chartered female college in the United States, and, in fact, in the world.

Feet Hurt.

Sweat, itch, blister? ROYAL FOOT WASH cures them. Removes odors of feet, armpits, etc.; stops chafing. If not at druggists send 25c to EATON DRUG CO., Atlanta, Ga., for full size, postpaid; sample for 2c stamp. One application proves its merit. Money back if not satisfied.

The number of cotton spindles in use in the United States increased last year from 15,500,000 to 20,000,000, owing principally to new factories in the cotton belt.

A REASON FOR SICKNESS.

Healthy kidneys take from the blood every twenty-four hours 500 grains of impure, poisonous matter—more than enough to cause death. Weakened kidneys leaves this waste in the blood, and you are soon sick. To get well, cure the kidneys with Doan's Kidney Pills, the great kidney specific.

Mrs. J. H. Bowles, of 118 Core street, Durham, N. C., says: "I was sick and bed-fast for over nine months, and the doctor who attended me said unless I submitted to an operation for gravel I would never be well. I would not consent to that and so continued to suffer. My back was so weak I could not stand or walk, and it ached constantly. The first day after I began using Doan's Kidney Pills I felt relief, and in a short time I was up and around the same as ever, free from backache."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mrs. Bowles will be mailed to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold by all dealers, price fifty cents per box.

A SERMON FOR SUNDAY AN ELOQUENT DISCOURSE ENTITLED "THE UNIVERSAL IN RELIGION."

The Rev. C. L. Palmer Directs Attention to Certain Errors or Doctrines Common to All—Every System of Religion Has Some Conception of God.

KINGSTON, N. Y.—In the Reformed Church of the Comforter on Sunday morning the Rev. C. L. Palmer preached a scholarly discourse entitled "The Universal in Religion."

Taylor, in Primitive Culture, says: "He who only knows one religion can no more understand that religion, than he who only understands one language can master that language."

The population of the world is estimated at 1,322,000,000. Of this number 100,000,000 are pagans or heathen, which represents the very lowest grade of humanity.

Let them not mourn for me. Let me succeed in this enterprise, say my enemy, resting in safety to my family and friends, that we may rejoice together.

GOOD ROADS

Gravel Good.

The air is full of talk about good roads, writes T. E. Richey, in the Epitome. It is "good roads, good roads" everywhere you go.

Inspiration implies that man must have a capacity to be inspired, which makes it a human faculty and therefore common to all.

Importance to Rural Districts. Martin Dodge, Director of Public Road Inquiries in the Federal Department of Agriculture, recently made an address, in which he dwelt upon the importance of roads to the rural districts.

Among the men whose names will live as long as civilization exists is that of John L. Macadam, the road builder.

Well Worth Seeing. One of the most interesting exhibits among the many of all kinds at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition in St. Louis is that of the Winchester Repeating Arms Company.

World's Fair St. Louis. Louisville and Nashville Railroad. If you are going to the World's Fair you want the best route.

A New System. They are discussing in England a new system of road building, which would save a large percentage in the cost of construction.

The Unsociable Englishman.

The Unsociable Englishman.

If there are three Englishmen and three empty railway carriages the train will leave the station with one Englishman in each carriage.

The Study of Nature. I confess I have not much sympathy with the laboratory study of nature except for economical purposes.

WHAT SHE SAID. "George, dear," she said, with a blush, "do you know that Mr. Simpson asked me last night to be his wife?"

Ladies Can Wear Shoes. One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder, it makes tight or new shoes easy.

The Australian eucalyptus tree is stated to be proof against all insects.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JONES F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Narrow Streets in Japan. Most of the Japanese cities are very old and their streets are too narrow for street railways.

American Shoes in Denmark. The American-made shoe is popular in Denmark. Two of the foremost shoe stores in Copenhagen use the American shoe.

Queer Parliament Customs. In the British House of Commons as soon as the question to be decided is put from the chair a clerk at the table sets in motion a huge sand-glass.

Dr. Biggers' Huckleberry Cordial. The Great Southern Remedy. Cures all Stomach and Bowel Troubles, such as Chronic Dysentery, Cholera, Morsure, Bloody Flux, and also children's teething.

HENRY W. GRADY. Dr. Walter A. Taylor, Atlanta, Ga. Dear Sir: This is the first certificate that I have ever given as to the merits of any medicine.

DR. BIGGERS' HUCKLEBERRY CORDIAL. CURED Gives Quick Relief. Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days.

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Be not anxious about to-morrow. Do today's duty, fight to-day's temptation and do not weaken and distrust yourself by looking forward to things which you cannot see and could not understand if you saw them.—Charles Kingsley.

WHY HOT WEATHER MAKES WOMEN NERVOUS.

Suggestions by Dr. Hartman—How to Combat the Nervous Depression Incident to Warm Weather.

Nervousness is very common among women. This condition is due to anemic nerve centers. The nerve centers are the reservoir for nerve vitality.

Pe-ru-na Contains No Narcotics. One reason why Pe-ru-na has found permanent use in so many homes is that it contains no narcotic of any kind.

A Well Known Canadian Lady Sends Letter of Endorsement to Pe-ru-na.

Miss Mary Burns, 28 Spring Garden Road, Halifax, N. S., writes: "Having used Pe-ru-na for indigestion and stomach trouble and to build up a broken down system with the very best results."

FITS permanently cured. No fit or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. King's Great Nerve Restorer.

WE CURE CANCERS AND CHRONIC ULCERS. And we do not stop at that. The name and fame of Dr. Reynolds is known all over the world.

SOUTHERN DENTAL COLLEGE, ATLANTA, GEORGIA. If you are interested in obtaining a dental education, write for free catalogue of full instruction.

Dangers of White Lead. The French Government is at present considering the question of the use of white lead and other lead mixtures for painting houses.

GERMETUER. "REMOVES THE CAUSE" "RESTORES THE HEALTH" Absolutely Cures INDIGESTION, CATARRH, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, BLOOD POISON and all other germ diseases.

MALSBY & Co. 41 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga. Complete line carried in stock for IMMEDIATE shipment.

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PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. Cures all kinds of lung disease, cough, spitting blood, etc.

Czar Drawn Ruthlessly
By High Official.

RELATES HIMSELF GOD'S MESSIAH, IN-
TERPRETS IN EVERYTHING AND IS HELD
BY A GRAND DUCAL RING, SAYS A
WRITER IN THE QUARTERLY REVIEW.

(From "New York World.")

London, July 16.—A ruthless pen
portrait of the Czar and his surround-
ings, published in the Quarterly Re-
view, by a high Russian official, has
caused an undoubted sensation, and ex-
plains much of what has hitherto been
inexplicable about this incompre-
hensible ruler.

The writer begins by describing the
bad impression created by the first pub-
lic interview of the Czar with the State
Council and his meeting a few days
later with the Zemstvo, whose guaran-
teed appeal that he should not be guided
alone by bureaucracy Nicholas met
with a severe rebuke.

"Between those two public appear-
ances," the writer says, "lay that short
period of suggestion during which the
impressionable youth had been made
not so much to believe as to feel that
he was God's lieutenant and the earthly
counterpart of his Divine Master. From
that time forward His Majesty has
been filled with the spirit of self-exalta-
tion which has gone on gaining
strength in accordance with the psycho-
logical law that pride usurps as much
space as servility is ready to yield.

CEAR MEDDLED CONSTANTLY.

"Taking seriously his imaginary mis-
sion, he meddled continuously directly
with every affair, state, domestic and
foreign, thwarting the course of justice,
undermining legality, impoverishing his
subjects, boasting a fervent love of
peace, yet plunging his tax-burdened
people into the horrors of a sanguinary
and needless war."

M. von Plehve, the Minister of the
Interior, is described as an official toler-
ably well instructed, who possesses an
intricate acquaintance with the sunny
side of human nature, and knows how
to touch deftly the right chords of sen-
timent, prejudice and passion, and can
keep his head in the most alarming
crisis.

DeWitt's fall is attributed to his un-
willingness to play the courtier. Says
the writer:

"He not only spoke freely to Nicholas,
but refused to change his opinion in ac-
cordance with the Emperor's desires.
He also declined to dupe the foreign
powers, saying: 'Your Majesty
pledged your word to evacuate Man-
churia, and the world believed on.
Russia will now lose all credit and
perhaps not even gain Manchuria if
Your Majesty break that pledge. War
also will follow. We surely need peace
Boites, Manchuria is useless to us.
Therefore, I cannot be a party to this
policy.'

"Witte is a haughty dictator who
gives himself the airs of an Emperor,
so spoke a Grand Duke."

The following comments are made of
the Czar's conduct of public business:

KEEPS MINISTERS IN DARK.

"He is ever struggling with phantoms,
fighting windmills, conversing
with saints, consulting spirits of the
dead, but of the means at hand for help-
ing his people, or letting them help
themselves, he never avails himself.
Books he long ago ceased to read,
sound advice he is incapable of listening
to, ministers he receives with great
formality and dismisses with haughty
condescension. They are often kept in
the dark about matters which it be-
hooves them to know thoroughly and
early."

"Shortly after the war began a num-
ber of dignitaries gathered around Gen.
Kurapatkin asked him how things were
going on. With a malicious twinkle
the War Minister replied:

"Like yourselves, I know only what
is published. The war is Alexieff's
business, not mine."

"When the Ministers implored the
Czar to evacuate Manchuria so as to
safeguard the peace of the world, he
answered: 'I shall keep the peace
and my own counsel as well.' To one
of the Grand Dukes, who the day be-
fore the rupture with Japan vaguely
hinted of the possibility of war, the
Emperor said:

"JAPAN WILL NEVER FIGHT."

"Leaves that to me Japan will
never fight. My reign will be an era
of peace to the end."
"In his study" he is generally busy
signing replies to addresses of loyalty,
writing comments on various reports
presented by the Ministers, Governors
and other officials. He is encouraged
by the courtiers to believe that all
these replies, comments, etc., are of
priceless value."

The baleful influence of the Grand
Duke is thus described:

"They paint their plans in the hues of
his own dreams, present him with
motives which appeal to his prejudices,
always open their attacks by gross
attery. They consequently are more
than a match for poor 'Nickie,' as they
call him."

"Perhaps the most influential of them
all is Grand Duke Alexander Mikhailo-
vitch, who for a considerable time has
been the alter ego of His Majesty."

"This Grand Ducal ring is the Rus-
sian governing syndicate, unlimited.
No Minister could withstand it for a
month. It is able to thwart his plans
at their primary stage, discredit them
in the Czar's eyes during discussion or
have them cancelled after the Emperor
sanctions them."

A GRAVE CONTROVERSY.

From "Daily Picayune."

The operations of the Russian
volunteer fleet in the Red Sea
have given rise to grave interna-
tional controversies, as might
very easily have been expected.
Apparently every vessel passing out
of the Suez Canal into the
Red Sea is stopped and searched
by the Russian cruisers. Several
German ships have been thus
seized, and from one of them
large numbers of mailbags were
taken. Quite a number of British
ships have been detained, and one
of them, the Malaga, has been
made a prize on the plea that she
carried munitions of war. It has
since turned out that the ammu-
nition in question was destined
not for Japan, but for the British
dockyard at Hong Kong.

These acts on the part of the
Russian volunteer fleet, which is
not directly a portion of the Rus-
sian Navy, have created an un-
deniably serious situation. The
ships in question passed through
the Dardanelles as merchant
ships with their guns concealed,
and after entering the Red Sea
they hoisted the naval flag and
assumed the role of naval vessels.
If the Russian ships are to be
considered naval vessels of war,
then they violated the treaty of
Paris in passing through the
Dardanelles, as the straits are
closed to all but Turkish war-
ships. If, on the other hand, the
ships are claimed to be only
merchant ships, as their flags in-
dicated at the time they passed
the Dardanelles, then they have
not the right to stop and search
neutral ships.

The seizure of mails as was
done in the case of one of the
German ships is clearly not justi-
fied under existing international
usage, unless in the case of
official Government mail, belong-
ing to the enemy, taken on one
of the enemy's ships. Mails car-
ried in neutral ships are protect-
ed by the neutral flag. This also
pretty generally admitted, al-
though not established, as unal-
terable international law, that
the neutral law flag protects all
cargo, even contraband of war;
unless such contraband was clear-
ly intended for the use of the
enemy. Even the existence
of contraband of war among
other cargo does not justify the
confiscation of the ship, even
though the contraband should be
itself seized.

The German Government has
protested against the forcible
taking away of the mails, and
the British Government has for-
warded an energetic protest
against the seizure of the British
ship Malaga and demanding that
the ship be released. The tone
of the British press is warlike in
the extreme, and should Russia
persist in retaining the Malaga
and in stopping British merchant-
men, the people of England are
in the humor to justify and ap-
plaud any action that the Govern-
ment may determine upon, pro-
vided only it be sufficiently
energetic.

The passage of the Dardanelles
by the volunteer fleet under the
merchant flag and the subsequent
activity of the ships as naval ves-
sels is the gravest feature of the
present controversy. It is serious-
ly held by many that Russia has
evaded the Paris treaty, if she
has not flagrantly violated it. It
is equally certain that this course
has been a slap in the face to
every one of the Treaty Powers.
This act of aggression is in direct
keeping with Russia's entire
course of conduct. She never
stands back at anything which
she deems essential to the accom-
plishment of the end in view.

There is a sinister suspicion
that Russia's course is intention-
ally provocative towards Great
Britain. Were the British Gov-
ernment goaded into taking
action against the depredations
of the Russians on British com-
merce, Russia would contend that
France is bound to come to her
assistance. The whole thing
looks, in fact, like a conspiracy
on the part of Russia to embroil
France. Apparently at the pres-
ent time the British fleet is ex-
ceptionally strong, and its vessels
are so stationed as to be able to
offer the most timely assistance
to land operations.

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BRITISH MESSIAH

CALLED A BLASPHEMER.

From the "Gleaner."

The "Herald's" European edi-
tion publishes the following from
its correspondent:—

London, July 6.—The Rev
John Smyth Pigott, who declares
he is the "Messiah," yesterday
in the chapel of the Abode of
Love, at Spaxton, a picturesque
village in Somersetshire, conduct-
ed a special service which is the
subject of several long reports in
this morning's London papers,
one of which heads its article
with the single word blasphemy.

According to all accounts it
was a remarkable service. None
but the faithful were present, the
great oak gates of the retreat
being closely guarded. It was
the calendar day of the sect, the
chief disciples having been sum-
moned from far and wide. Nor-
way was perhaps most largely
represented, but the worshippers
included at least one Russian
countess and many handsome
young Englishwomen.

By long disuse the Messiah's
throne had become tawdry and
faded, but a little upholstery and
loving work by ministering dam-
sels had made it luxurious and
stately. The service was timed
for midday. A select cosmopoli-
tan congregation of hero wor-
shippers had gathered in the
temple, when suddenly there was
a hush and the self-styled Lamb
of God approached.

The Messiah slowly and silent-
ly walked to his renovated throne
his disciples rising as he crossed
the portals and bowing their
heads reverently. Behold the
Lamb of God uttered slowly and
deliberately and unaffectedly was
the astounding exclamation which
suddenly broke the spell of silence.

The words had scarcely passed
the lips of the Messiah before all
his disciples made an obeisance,
the women bowing low and mut-
tering exclamations of love and
devotion. The central figure was
a good looking man plainly dress-
ed in clerical garb. There were
two hymns, and Messiah himself
preached a short sermon, select-
ing as his text the words "Love
one another." Next followed
psalms sung in a subdued key by
a splendidly trained choir. The
service lasted a little more than
half an hour, and then the
Messiah and the congregation
went to partake of luncheon.

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